



GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

**KERALA STATE AND SUBORDINATE
SERVICES RULES, 1958**

PART I & PART II

(Incorporating amendments up to 12.02.2025)

ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS DEPARTMENT

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THE KERALA STATE AND SUBORDINATE SERVICES RULES, 1958

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution of India and of all other powers hereunto enabling, and in supersession of the rules on the subject the Governor of Kerala hereby makes the following rules in respect of the members of the State and Subordinate Services.

PART I PRELIMINARY

1. *Short title and commencement.*— (a) These rules may be called the Kerala State & Subordinate Services Rules, 1958.

(b) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*— In these rules unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

Appointed to a Service

(1) A person is said to be "appointed to a service" when in accordance with these rules or in accordance with the rules applicable at the time as the case may be, he discharges for the first time the duties of a post borne on the cadre of such service or commences the probation, instruction or training prescribed for members thereof:

Explanation.---The appointment of a person holding a post borne on the cadre of one service to hold additional charge of a post borne on the cadre of another service or to discharge the current duties thereof does not amount to appointment to the latter service.

Approved Candidate

(2) "Approved candidate" means a candidate whose name appears in an authoritative list of candidates approved for appointment to any service, class or category.

Approved Probationer

(3) "Approved probationer" in a service, class or category means a member of that service, class or category who has satisfactorily completed his probation and awaits appointment as a full member of such service, class or category.

Commission

(4) "Commission" means the Kerala Public Service Commission.

Discharge of a Probationer

(5) "Discharge of a probationer" means, in case the probationer is a full member or an approved probationer of another service, class or category, reverting him to such service, class or category and in any other case, dispensing with his services.

Duty

- (6) A person is said to be "on duty" as a member of a service:—
- (a) when he is performing the duties of a post borne on the cadre of such service or is undergoing the probation, instruction or training prescribed for such service;
 - (b) when he is on joining time ; or
 - (c) when he is absent from duty during vacation or on authorized holidays or on casual leave taken in accordance with the instructions regulating such leave issued by the State Government having been on duty immediately before and immediately after such absence; or
 - (d) when he is on deputation, during his period of probation, for training or for acquisition of higher or additional qualification in public interest; or
 - (e) when he is waiting for posting orders after reporting for duty; or
 - (f) when he is given the benefit of notional promotion consequent on revision of rank and seniority etc.; or
 - (g) when he/she is on paternity leave or maternity leave, or on leave as per Rules 101 and 101A of Part I, Kerala Service Rules granted to female officers in cases of miscarriage or abortion or hysterectomy.
- Note :- Cases already settled or disposed prior to the issue of this amendment shall not be reopened.
- (h) when he is absent from duty for attending the verification of his appointment before the Kerala Public Service Commission for regularisation of his service.
 - (i) in the case of a female member, when she is on Child Adoption Leave.

(6A) "Economically Weaker Sections" means such section in the general category as may be notified by the State from time to time on the basis of family income and other indicators of economic disadvantage as specified under clause(6) of Article 15 and clause (6) of Article 16 of Constitution of India.

Explanation :- General category means category of persons who are not covered under the scheme of reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes.

Ex-Serviceman

(6B) "Ex-Serviceman" for the purpose of these rules shall include any categories of service as may be defined by the Government of India as such, from time to time

Full member

(7) "Full member" of a service means a member of that service who has been appointed substantively to a permanent post borne on the cadre thereof.

General Rules

(8) "General rules" means rules in Part II of these rules.

Member of a service

(9) "Member of a service" means a person who has been appointed to that service and who has not retired or resigned, been removed or dismissed, been substantively transferred or reduced to another service, or been discharged otherwise than want of a vacancy. He may be a probationer, an approved probationer or a full member of that service.

Military Service

(9A) "Military Service" means service in the Armed Forces under the Ministry of Defence, Government of India, whether as a combatant or a non-combatant, for a continuous period of not less than 6 months, but does not include service in Para Military Forces, namely Assam Rifles, Defence Security Corps, General Reserve Engineer Force, Jammu and Kashmir Militia, Lok Sahayak Sena and Territorial Army.

Probationer

(10) "Probationer" in a service means a member of that service who has not completed his probation.

Promotion

(11) "Promotion" means the appointment of a member of any category or grade of a service or a class of service to a higher category or grade of such service or class.

Recruited direct

(12) A candidate is said to be "recruited direct" to a service, class, category or post when, in case the appointment has to be done in consultation with the Commission, on the date of the notification by the Commission inviting applications for the recruitment, and in any other case, at the time of appointment.

- (i) he is not in the service of the Government of India or the Government of a State; or
- (ii) being in the service of the Government of India or the Government of a State, he satisfies all the qualifications (including age) and other conditions prescribed for such recruitment to that service, class, category or post and is permitted to apply for such recruitment by the competent authority; or

- (iii) he holds a post, the conditions of service of the holder of which have been declared to be matters not suitable for regulation by rule.

Recruited by transfer

- (13) A candidate is said to be "recruited by transfer" to a service; —
- (i) if his appointment to the service is in accordance with the orders issued or rules prescribed for recruitment by transfer to the service; and
 - (ii) if at the time of his first appointment thereto —
- (a) he is either a full member or an approved probationer in any other service, rules for which prescribe a period of probation for members thereof:

Provided that where the Special Rules for a service provide for recruitment by transfer to any class or category thereof from any specified class or category of another service, a candidate shall, unless the recruitment is made from a post carrying an identical scale of pay be a full member or an approved probationer in the class or category so specified; or

- (b) he is the holder of a post in any other service for which no probation has been prescribed, and has put in satisfactory service in that post for a period of two years on duty within a continuous period of three years.

Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes

(14) Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes mean the Castes and Tribes declared as such by the President of India under Article 341 (1) and 342 (1) of the Constitution of India and Other Backward Classes mean the classes declared as such by the State Government under Article 16 (4) of the Constitution of India. Lists of such castes, tribes and classes, so declared are included as Lists I, II and III respectively in the Schedule to this Part.

Explanation. - A member of a Scheduled Tribe, shall not cease to be a member of that Scheduled Tribe on change of religion

Service

(15) "Service" means a group of persons classified by the State Government as a State or a Subordinate Service as the case may be.

Note.— Where the context so requires "service" means the period during which a person holds a post or a lien on a post or is a member of a service as above defined.

Special Rules.

(16) "Special Rules" shall mean the rules in Part III applicable to each service or class of service.

Pay, allowances, leave, leave salary, pension and other conditions of service.

(17) The Kerala Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the rules regulating the pay of the services issued from time to time, the Government

Servants'. Conduct Rules, the Travancore Service Regulations, the Cochin Service Regulations, the Fundamental Rules, the Madras Leave Rules, 1933, Kerala Service Rules and the Pension Rules for the time being in force shall, in so far as they may be applicable and except to the extent expressly provided in those rules govern members of every service in the matter of their pay, allowances, leave, leave salary, pension and other conditions of service:

Provided that the said rules and regulations shall, in their application to the members of the Secretariat Staff of the Governor, be construed as if the functions of the State Government under those rules and regulations were the functions of the Governor.

Cadre

(18) The Permanent cadre of each service, class, category and grade shall be determined by the State Government.

**SCHEDULE
LIST I
SCHEDULED CASTES IN THE KERALA STATE**

1. Adi Andhra
2. Adi Dravida
3. Adi Karnataka
4. Ajila
5. Arunthathiyar
6. Ayyanavar
7. Baira
8. Bakuda
9. Bathada
10. Bharathar (other than Parathar), Paravan
11. Chakkiliyan
12. Chamar, Muchi
13. Chandala
14. Cheruman
15. Domban
16. Gosangi
17. Hasla
18. Holey
19. Kadaiyan
20. Kakkalan, Kakkan
21. Kalladi
22. Kanakkan, Padanna, Padannan
23. Kavara (other than Telugu speaking or Tamil speaking Balija, Kavarai, Gavara, Gavarai, Gavarai Naidu, Balija Naidu, Gajalu Balija or Valai Chetty).
24. Koosa
25. Kootan, Koodan
26. Kudumban
27. Kuravan, Sidhanar, Kuravar, Kurava, Sidhana
28. Maila
29. Malayan (In the areas comprising the Kannur, Kasaragode, Kozhikkode and Wayanad districts).
30. Mannan, Pathiyan, Perumannan, Peruvannan, Vannan, Velan
31. Moger (other than Mogeyar)
32. Mundala
33. Nalakeyava
34. Nalkadaya
35. Nayadi
36. Pallan

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37. Palluvan, Pulluvan
38. Pambada
39. Panan
40. Paraiyan, Parayan, Sambavar, Sambavan, Sambava, Paraya, Paraiya, Parayar
41. Pulayan, Cheramar, Pulaya, Pulayar, Cherama, Cheraman, Wayanad Pulayan, Wayanadan Pulayan, Matha, Matha Pulayan
42. Puthirai Vannan
43. Raneyar
44. Samagara
45. Samban
46. Semman, Chemman, Chemmar
47. Thandan (excluding Ezhuvas and Thiyyas who are known as Thandan, in the erstwhile Cochin and Malabar areas) and (Carpenters who are known as Thachan, in the erstwhile Cochin and Travancore State), Thachar (other than Carpenter)
48. Thoti
49. Vallon
50. Valluvan
51. Vetan
52. Vettuvan, Pulaya Vettuvan (in the areas of erstwhile Cochin State only)
53. Nerian

LIST II

SCHEDULED TRIBES IN THE KERALA STATE

1. Adiyan
2. Arandan, Aranadan
3. Eravallan
4. Hill Pulaya, Mala Pulayan, Kurumba Pulayan, Karavazhi Pulayan, Pamba Pulayan
5. Irular, Irulan
6. Kadar, Wayanad Kadar
7. Kanikaran, Kanikkar
8. Kattunayakan
9. Kochuvelan
10. Koraga
11. Kudiya, Melakudi
12. Kurichchan, Kurichiyan
13. Kurumans, Mulla Kuruman, Mulla Kuruman, Mala Kuruman
14. Kurumbas, Kurumbar, Kurumban
15. Maha Malasar
16. Malai Arayan, Mala Arayan

17. Malai Pandaram
18. Malai Vedan, Malavedan
19. Malakkuravan
20. Malasar
21. Malayan, Nattu Malayan, Konga Malayan (excluding the areas comprising the Kasargode, Cannanore, Wayanad and Kozhikode Districts)
22. Malayarayar
23. Mannan (to be spelt in Malayalam script in parenthesis) (മന്നൻ)
- 23A. Marati (of the Hosdurg and Kasaragod Taluks of Kasaragod District in Kerala)
24. Muthuvan, Mudugar, Muduvan
25. Palleyan, Palliyan, Palliyar, Paliyan
26. Paniyan
27. Ulladan, Ullatan
28. Uraly
29. Mala Vettuvan (in Kasargode and Kannur districts)
30. Ten Kurumban, Jenu Kurumban
31. Thachanadan, Thachanadan Moopan
32. Cholanaickan
33. Mavilan
34. Karimpalan
35. Vetta Kuruman
36. Mala Panickar

LIST III

OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES IN THE KERALA STATE

1. *Throughout the State*

1. Agasa
2. Ambalakkaran
- 2A. Anchunadu Vellalars
3. Anglo-Indian
4. [*** *** ***]
5. [*** *** ***]
6. Aremahrati
7. Arya
8. Bandari
9. Billava
- 9A. Boyan
10. Chakkala, Chakkala Nair
11. [*** *** ***]
12. Chavalakkaran

13. Chetty/ Chetties (Kottar Chetties, Parakka Chetties, Elur Chetties, Attingal Chetties , Pudukkada Chetties , Iraniel Chetties , Sri. Pandara Chetties , Telugu Chetties , Udayamkulangara Chetties , Peroorkada Chetties , Sadhu Chetties , 24 Manai Chetties , Wyanadan Chetties , Kalavara Chetties , 24 Mana Telungu Chetties , Moundadan Chetty and Edanadan Chetty
- 13A. Dasa
14. Devadika
15. Devanga
- 15A. Dheevera (Arayan അരയൻ), (Valan വാലൻ), (Nulayan നളയൻ), (Mukkuvan മുക്കുവൻ), (Arayavathi അരയവത്തി) (Valinjiyar വളിൻജിയാർ), (Paniyakkal പാണിയാക്കൽ), (Mukaya മുകയ), (Bovi മുകയാർ ബോവി മുകയാർ), (Mukaveeran മുകവീരൻ)
16. Ezhavas and Thiyyas: (1) Izhavan (ഇഴവൻ) Ishavan ഇഴവൻ) Ezhavan (ഇഴവൻ) (2) Ezhuva (ഇഴുവ) Izhuva(ഇഴുവ) Ishuva(ഇഴുവ) (3) Izhuvan (ഇഴുവൻ) Izhuvan (ഇഴുവൻ) Ezhuvan (ഇഴുവൻ) (4) Izhava(ഇഴവ) Izhavan(ഇഴവൻ) Ishavan(ഇഴവൻ) (5) Illuva (ഇളളുവ) (6) Illuvan (ഇളളുവൻ) (7) Irava (ഇരവ) and (8) Iruva (ഇരുവ)
17. Ezhavathi
18. Ezhuthachan
19. Ganika
20. Gatti
21. Gowda
22. Hegde
23. [*** *** ***]
24. [*** *** ***]
25. Jogi
26. Kaduppattan
27. Kaikolan
28. Kelasi (Kalasi Panicker)
29. Kalari Kurup or Kalari Panicker
- 29A. Kammara
30. Viswakaramas including Asari Chaptogra, Kallasari,Kalthachan, Kammala, Kamasala, Kannan , Karuvan , Kitaran , Kollan, Malayala Kammala, Moosari, Pandikammala, Pandithattan, Perumkollan, Thachan, Thattan, Vilkurup Villasan, Viswabrahmanan or Viswabrahmanar, Viswakaramala and Palisa Perumkollan and Kadachi Kollan
31. Kannadiyans
32. Kanisu or Kaniyar Panicker, Kani or Kaniyan (Ganaka) or Kanisan or Kamnan
33. Kavuthiyan
34. Kavudiyaru
35. Kongu Navithan , Vettuva, Navithan and Aduthon
- 35A.The Kongu Vellala Gounder including Vallala Gounder, Nattu

- Gounder , Pala Gounder , Poosari Gounder and Pala Vellala Gounder
36. Koteyar
 37. Krishnavaka
 38. Kerala Mudalis
 39. Kudumbis
 - 39A. Kumara Kshatriya
 40. Kusavan (Kulala, Kulala Nair or Andhra Nair or Anthuru Nair
 41. Kumbarans
 - 41A. Kunnuvar Mannadi
 - 41B. Kuruba
 42. Latin Catholics (Latin Christian)
 43. Madivala
 44. [*** ***)
 45. Maravans
 46. Maruthuvar
 47. [*** ***)
 48. Muslim or Mappila (including Turukkar/Thurukkan of Kasargod District)
 - 48A. Mukhari alias Moovari
 49. Hindu Nadars
 - 49A. Nadar included in S.I.U.C.
 - 49B. Naidu
 - 49C. Nadar belonging to Christian religious denominations other than the S.I.U.C
 50. Naikans
 - 50A. Kodangi Naicken (in Ernakulam, Alappuzha, Kollam, Pathanamthitta districts of South Kerala)
 51. Odans
 52. Scheduled Caste converts to Christianity
 53. Pandithars, Pandithar
 54. Paniyar
 - 54A. Parkavakulam
 55. Pattarias
 - 55A. Poolava Gounder, Vettuva Gounder, Padayachi Gounder and Kavaliya Gounder
 56. [*** ***)
 57. [*** ***)
 58. [*** ***)
 59. Rajpur
 60. Chakravar, Sakravar (Kavathi)
 61. Sourashtras
 62. Saliyas, Chaliya (Chaliyan), Padmasali
 63. Senai Thalavar, Senaithalaivar, Elavaniar, Elavaniya, Elavania
 64. S.I.U.C. (excluding Nadars specified in item 49A)
 - 64A. Thachar who are Carpenters

65. Tholkollans
66. Thottian
67. Vaduvans, Vadugans, Vadukars and Vadukas (Vadukans)
68. [*** ***)
69. Velaans (Velaan, Velaar)
70. Vanians (Vanika, Vanika Vaisya, Vanibha Chetty, Vaniya Chetty, Ayiravar, Nagarathar and Vaniyan)
71. Vaniar
72. Vakkaliga
73. Veerasaivas (Yogis, Yogeeswars, Poopandaram/Maalapandaram, Jangam, Pandaram, Kurukkal/Gurukkal, Hindu Chetty and Pappada Chetty)
74. Veluthedathu Nair (Veluthedan and Vannathan)
75. Vilakkithala Nair (Vilakkithalavan)
76. Yadavas (Kolaya, Ayar, Mayar, Maniyani, Iruvan and Erumakkar)
77. "Mooppar" or "Kallan Mooppan" or "Kallan Mooppar"
78. Mahendra-Medara

2. In Malabar District:

1. [*** ***)
2. [*** ***)
3. Ganjam Reddis
4. Vishavan

3. Throughout the State except Malabar District :

1. [*** ***)
2. [*** ***)
3. Malayekandi
4. Reddiars

4. Throughout the State except Kasaragod Taluk of Malabar District

Marati

Explanation.—In this Schedule, Malabar District shall mean the Malabar District referred to in sub-section 5 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956.

5. In Palakkad District:

1. Saiva Vellala (Cherakula Vellala, Karkartha Vellala, Chozhiya Vellala, Pillai).

PART II GENERAL RULES

1. Scope of the General Rules.— The rules in this part shall apply to all State and Subordinate Services and the holders of all posts, whether temporary or permanent in any such service, appointed thereto before, or after the date on which these rules come into force as provided in sub-rule (b) of rule 1 in Part I except to the extent otherwise expressly provided, (a) by or under any law for the time being in force, or (b) in respect of any member of such service by a contract or agreement subsisting between such member and the State Government:

Provided that the rules in this Part shall also be applicable to holders of all posts in Government Service even though the posts they hold are not classified as coming under a particular service by including in Schedule I or Schedule II of the Kerala Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1960.

2. Relation to the Special Rules.— If any provision in the general rules contained in the Part is repugnant to a provision in the Special Rules applicable to any particular service contained in Part III, the latter shall, in respect of that service, prevail over the provision in the general rules in this Part.

3. Approved Candidates.— (a) All first appointments to the service shall be made by the appointing authority on the advice of the Commission in respect of posts falling within the purview of the Commission and in all other cases by the appointing authority from a list of approved candidates prepared in the prescribed manner.

(b) The inclusion of a candidate's name in any list of approved candidates for any service (State or Subordinate) or any class or category in a service, shall not confer on him any claim to appointment to the service, class or category.

(c) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, the Commission shall have the power to cancel the advice for appointment of any candidate to any service if it is subsequently found that such advice was made under some mistake. On such cancellation, the appointing authority shall terminate the service of the candidate:

Provided that the cancellation of advice for appointment by the Commission and the subsequent termination of service of the candidate by the appointing authority shall be made within a period of one year from the date of such advice:

Provided further that, a cancellation of advice under this sub-rule shall be made only after giving the candidate concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter.

The provisions in this sub-rule shall be deemed to have come into force on the 31st July 1969.

4. Every candidate for appointment to any service or for admission to any suitability/eligibility/Special/Departmental tests, whether a member of a service or not, in response to a notification issued by the Commission, shall make an application in the mode as prescribed by the Commission, from time to time.

Note.____(1) This shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from

- (i) the 30th April, 2010 for general notification;
- (ii) the 5th October, 2010 for Departmental tests;
- (iii) the 9th July, 2013 for suitability/eligibility tests.

Note.____(2) Copies of answer scripts shall be made available to the candidates by the Kerala Public Service Commission on request and subject to payment of a fee as prescribed by the Commission from time to time, with the prior approval of Government, for each answer script. The candidates shall submit request for answer script to the Kerala Public Service Commission after remitting the prescribed fee through their OTR profile.

4A. Every candidate who applies for admission to the Special/Departmental tests conducted by the Public Service Commission or for certificate of pass/attendance or for mark lists thereof shall be required to remit a fee as may be prescribed by the Commission with the prior approval of the Government, for each paper of these tests or for certificate of pass as the case may be and such fee shall be specified by the Commission in the notification inviting applications for admission to such tests.

5. Method of recruitment.— Where the normal method of recruitment to any service, class or category is neither solely by direct recruitment nor solely by transfer, but is both by direct recruitment and by transfer.—

(a) the proportion or order in which the Special Rules concerned may require vacancies to be filled by persons recruited direct and by those recruited by transfer shall be applicable only to substantive vacancies in the permanent cadre;

(b) person shall be recruited direct only against a substantive vacancy in such permanent cadre, and only if the vacancy is one which should be filled by direct recruit under the Special Rules referred to in clause (a); and

(c) recruitment to all other vacancies shall be made by transfer.

Note.— (1) All permanent vacancies and temporary vacancies except those of short duration shall be treated as substantive vacancies.

(2) The vacancies on account of leave and deputation with a duration of less than six months shall be treated as vacancies of short duration, provided, such with a duration of three months to six months should not be treated as vacancies of short duration, if the vacancies are likely last long or new vacancies are likely to arise.

(3) Whenever a ratio or percentage is fixed for different methods of

recruitment/appointment to a post the number of vacancies to be filled up by candidates from each method shall be decided by applying the fixed ratio or percentage to the cadre strength of the post to which the recruitment/transfer is made and not to the vacancies existing at that time.

[5A ***** ***** ***** *****]

6. Right of probationers and approved probationers to reappointment.—

A vacancy in any service, class or category not being a vacancy which should be filled by direct recruitment under the Special Rules referred to in clause (a) of rule 5 shall not be filled by the appointment of a person who has not yet commenced his probation in such service, class or category when an approved probationer or a probationer therein is available for such appointment.

7. Discharge and re-appointment of probationers and approved probationers.—

(a) The order in which probationers and approved probationers shall be discharged for want of vacancies shall be: — first, the probationers in order of juniority, and second the approved probationers in order of juniority.

(b) Approved probationers and probationers who have been discharged for want of vacancies shall be re-appointed as vacancies arise in the inverse of the order laid down in sub-rule (a):

Provided (1) that the said order may be departed from in cases where such order would involve excessive expenditure on travelling allowance or exceptional administrative inconvenience, and (2) that such order may be departed from in the case of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other Backward Classes in accordance with the provisions in the Special Rules contained in Part III relating to the relevant service:

Provided further that in the case of posts in more than one Department/Institution, for which a common selective list is prepared by the Commission, the candidates discharged from service for want of vacancies may either re-register their names in the Office of the Commission and get themselves re-appointed on the further advice of the Commission, or they may await their turn for re-appointment to the posts under sub-rule (b) in case they desire to continue as probationers in the posts from which they were discharged.

This amendments shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 17th December 1958.

8. Members absent from duty.—The absence of a member of a service from duty in such service, whether on leave, other than Leave Without Allowance granted and availed of as per Appendix XII A, Appendix XII B or Appendix XII C of Part I of Kerala Services Rules, on foreign service or on deputation or for any other reason and whether his lien in a post borne on the cadre of such service is suspended or not, shall not, if he is otherwise fit, render him ineligible in his turn, —

(a) for re-appointment to a substantive or officiating vacancy in the class,

category, grade or post in which he may be a probationer or an approved probationer;

(b) for promotion from a lower to a higher category in such service; and

(c) for appointment to any substantive or officiating vacancy in another service for which he may be an approved candidate;

As the case may be, in the same manner as if he had not been absent. He shall be entitled to all the privileges in respect of appointment, seniority, probation and appointment as full member which he would have enjoyed but for his absence:

Provided that subject to the provisions of rule 18 he shall satisfactorily complete the period of probation on his return;

Provided further that a member of a service who is appointed to another service and is a probationer or an approved probationer in the latter service, shall not be appointed under clause (c) to any other service for which he may be an approved candidate unless he relinquishes his membership in the latter service in which he is a probationer or an approved probationer.

Provided further that this rule shall not have retrospective effect so as to disturb the decisions taken by the Travancore-Cochin Government in respect of the Travancore-Cochin personnel:

Provided also that this rule shall not apply in the case of a member of a service whose absence from duty in such service is by reason of his appointment to another service not being Military Service, solely on his own application, unless such appointment is made in the exigencies of public service.

Note.—(1) An appointment made in pursuance of applications invited, sponsored or recommended by Government or other competent authority on behalf of the Government shall be deemed to be an appointment made in the exigencies of Public Service for the purpose of this rule.

(2) The benefit of this rule shall not be available to a person holding a post in any class or category in a service if his appointment to that post was from a post in another class or category in the same service.

(3) A member of a service appointed to another service in the exigencies of public service in the manner as specified in Note (1) above shall, unless otherwise specified by the Government at the time of relief, be eligible for the benefits in respect of seniority, probation and appointment as full member in such service as envisaged under this rule, only in the event of his reappointment to such service of the parent Department is before the confirmation of his service in the latter Department or within five years from the date of his relief from the Parent Department whichever is earlier. In respect of reappointment after the said period, he shall be eligible to rejoin the service of parent Department as the junior most in the class, category, grade or post in which he was a probationer or an approved probationer on the date of his relief.

9. Temporary appointments.— (a) (i) Where it is necessary in the public interest, owing to an emergency which has arisen to fill immediately a vacancy in a post borne on the cadre of a service, class or category and there would be undue delay in making such appointment in accordance with these rules and the Special Rules, the appointing authority may appoint a person, otherwise than in accordance with the said rules, temporarily:

Provided that before a person is appointed under this clause, persons who are admittedly senior to him shall also be appointed, even if they are absent from duty, whether on leave other than leave without allowances granted and availed of as per Appendix XII A, Appendix XII B or Appendix XII C of Part I of the Kerala Services Rules or on foreign service or on deputation or for any other valid reason, except due to suspension and allowed to continue as such subject to the condition that persons so appointed shall not be eligible for the higher time scale of pay by virtue of such appointments unless otherwise specifically ordered by the Government.

Note- (1) Even where it is considered necessary to sanction the higher time scale of pay not more than one person (either the senior-most fit person in a series of adjacent persons outside the ordinary line, or, if such a person either forgoes the benefit of his own volition or does not require the benefit by virtue of his holding a post outside the ordinary line which secures him at least equivalent benefits in respect of salary and pension, then the next below in the series) may be authorised to draw the salary of the higher scale or grade in respect of any one officiating vacancy within the cadre filled by his junior.

(2) A fortuitous officiating appointment given to a person who is junior to one outside the regular line does not in itself give rise to a claim on the part of the senior to the higher time scale of pay.

(3) The expression "persons who are admittedly senior" in the above proviso shall include persons appointed/promoted temporarily and continuing as such solely due to administrative delay in regularising their appointments.

(4) A person who is on leave without allowances granted and availed of as per Appendix XII A, Appendix XII B or Appendix XII C of Part I of the Kerala Services Rules shall be given promotion to a higher post only on his return from such leave. His rank and seniority in the higher post shall be determined with reference to the date of promotion.

(5) If a junior is appointed temporarily in preference to a senior under suspension, at the time of reinstatement of the senior to duty fully exonerating him of the charges for suspension the senior shall be given appointment to the vacancy in the higher post to which he would have been appointed but for the suspension, if necessary by reverting the junior who got appointment in that vacancy:

Provided further that a person appointed under this clause by direct recruitment to a post other than teaching post and a post covered by the proviso to clause (iii) of rule 10 (b) shall not be allowed to continue in such post for a period exceeding one hundred and eighty days:

Provided also that if a person belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes appointed under this clause was in service as on 2nd August, 1984, he shall be allowed to continue in service even if the period of 180 days expires, subject to the conditions that,—

(1) the benefit shall not be available to a person belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes appointed under this clause to a post reserved for Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes for Special Recruitment on the basis of the instructions issued in Government Circular No. 88342/EC.A2/83/GAD dated the 21st January, 1984;

(2) he shall not be allowed to continue in service in preference to a candidate advised by the Kerala Public Service Commission; and

(3) such continuance shall be allowed only if there is vacancy available for him to continue:

Provided also that a person appointed under this clause by direct recruitment to a teaching post shall be allowed to continue, subject to availability of vacancy —

(a) in case the institution is one to which regular annual vacations are allowed, till the closing date of the institution for the annual vacation or till a candidate advised by the Public Service Commission joins duty, whichever is earlier;

(b) in case the institution is one to which regular annual vacation is not allowed, for a period not exceeding one year or till a candidate advised by the Public Service Commission joins duty, whichever is earlier.

Explanation.— For the purpose of the proviso, the institutions specified below shall be deemed to be institutions to which regular annual vacations are not allowed, namely: __

<i>Name of the Institutions</i>	<i>Heads of Departments in respect of Institutions</i>
(1)	(2)
1. Medical College, Trivandrum, Kottayam, Calicut and Trichur	Principal
2. T.D.Medical College, Alleppey	Principal
3. Kerala Institute of Nautical Studies, Vizhinjam	Director of Ports
4. Government Homoeopathic Medical College, Calicut and Trivandrum	Principal
5. Tailoring and Garment making Training Centres	Director of Harijan Welfare
6. Tailoring Trade Schools	Director of Harijan Welfare
7. Vocational Training Centres	Director of Harijan Welfare
8. Industrial Training Institute, Neyyatinkara	Director of Training, Trivandrum
9. Industrial Training Institute, Chacki	Director of Training, Trivandrum
10. Industrial Training Institute for women, Kazhakkootam	Director of Training, Trivandrum
11. Industrial Training Institute, Chanthanathope, Quilon	Director of Training, Trivandrum
12. Industrial Training Institute, Chengannoor,	Director of Training, Trivandrum
13. Industrial Training Institute, Ettumannoor ,	Director of Training, Trivandrum
14. Industrial Training Institute, Kalamassery	Director of Training, Trivandrum
15. Industrial Training Institute, Chalakudy	Director of Training, Trivandrum
16. Industrial Training Institute, Malampuzha	Director of Training, Trivandrum
17. Industrial Training Institute, Calicut	Director of Training, Trivandrum
18. Industrial Training Institute, Areacode, Malappuram	Director of Training, Trivandrum

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19. Industrial Training Institute, Attingal	Director of Training, Trivandrum
20. Industrial Training Institute, Thottada	Director of Training, Trivandrum
21. P.T.Chacko Memorial Industrial Training Institute, Pallickathode, Kottayam	Director of Training, Trivandrum
22. Industrial Training Institute, Kattappana	Director of Training, Trivandrum
23. Related Instruction Centre , Trivandrum	Director of Training, Trivandrum
24. Related Instruction Centre, Quilon	Director of Training, Trivandrum
25. Related Instruction Centre, Kottayam	Director of Training, Trivandrum
26. Related Instruction Centre, Alleppey	Director of Training, Trivandrum
27. Related Instruction Centre, Trichur	Director of Training, Trivandrum
28. Related Instruction Centre, Kalamassery	Director of Training, Trivandrum
29. Related Instruction Centre, Calicut	Director of Training, Trivandrum
30. Poultry Training Institute, Central Hatchery, Chenganoor	Director of Animal Husbandry
31. Chick Sexing School at Central Hatchery, Chenganoor	Director of Animal Husbandry
32. Govt. Survey Schools at Trivandrum, Kottayam, Trichur, Kozhikode, Cannanore,	Director of Survey and Land Records
33. Sree Visakam Thirunal School of Epigraphy	Director of Archeology
34. Tailoring and Garment Making Schools at Pattom, Thevally, Kalpathy, Kondotty, Badagara, Dharmadom, Payyannur,	Director of Technical Education, Trivandrum
35. Tailoring Trade School, Harippad and Devicolam	Director of Technical Education Trivandrum
36. Tailoring Trade Centre at Parassala, Pachallur, Karimkulam, Kundala, Chirayinkil, Kanjiramkulam & Chengannur	Director of Technical Education,
37. Tailoring and Garment Making Training Centres at Kumili, Thodupuzha, Cheranallur, Kadappuram, Mannarghat, Mankada, Ponnani , Vengara, Kuttichira, Sultan Battery and Kasargod	Director of Technical Education, Trivandrum
38. Weaving Training Centre Aralamoodu, Trivandrum	Director of Technical Education, Trivandrum
39. Composing and Printing Centre, Vattiyoorkavu	Director of Technical Education, Trivandrum
40. Book Binding Centres, Manacaud and Kulathoor	Director of Technical Education, Trivandrum
41. Rattan Training Centre at Paraneeyam	Director of Technical Education, Trivandrum
42. Training Institute for Local Administration , Trivandrum & Calicut	Director of Panchayats, Trivandrum
43. Trade School Mundakayam (Plantation Corporation's Control)	Labour Commissioner
44. Training Institutions under Health Department	Director of Health Services
45. Home for the Mentally deficient children, Trivandrum and Calicut	Local Administration and Social Welfare Department
46. Training Centre , Pallithura	Director of Industries & Commerce
47. Government Childrens' Home & Special School, Trivandrum, Trichur, Kozhikode and Kottayam	Inspector General of Prisons
48. Borstal School, Cannanore	Inspector General of Prisons
49. Five Fisherman Training Centres, Ernakulam	Director of Fisheries
50. Staff Training Centres, Ernakulam	Director of Fisheries
51. Government Ayurveda College Trivandrum, Trippunithura (except Lectures in Sanskrit and Physical Education)	Principal

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52. Forest Training Schools at Walayar & Aripa	Chief Conservator of Forests
53. Industrial Training Institute for women, Quilon	Director of Training, Trivandrum
54. Industrial Training Institute, Cheneerkara, Pathanathitta	Director of Training, Trivandrum
55. Industrial Training Institute , Mala	Director of Training, Trivandrum
56. Industrial Training Institute for Women, Calicut	Director of Training, Trivandrum
57. Industrial Training Institute, Kalpetta	Director of Training, Trivandrum
58. Industrial Training Institute, Quilandy	Director of Training, Trivandrum
59. Industrial Training Institute, Kasaragod	Director of Training, Trivandrum
60. Related Instruction Centre, Palakkad	Director of Training, Trivandrum
61. Industrial Training Institute for Women, Chengannur	Director of Training, Thiruvananthapuram
62. Industrial Training Institute for Women, Kalamassery.	Director of Training, Trivandrum
63. Industrial Training Institute for Women Chalakudy	Director of Training, Trivandrum
64. Industrial Training Institute for Women, Malampuzha	Director of Training, Trivandrum
65. Industrial Training Institute for Women, Kannur	Director of Training, Trivandrum
66. Industrial Training Institute for Women, Aryanad	Director of Training, Trivandrum

Provided also that Assistant Surgeons in the Health Services Department, lecturers in the Medical Education Department, Medical Officers in the Departments of Indian Systems of Medicine and Homoeopathy, Government Ayurveda Colleges, Government Homoeopathic Medical Colleges and employees State Insurance, Para Medical Staff of the above Departments and Institutions and the Basic Health Workers/Health Assistants of Health Service Department Veterinary Surgeons, Livestock Inspectors and Laboratory Technicians in the Animal Husbandry Department appointed under this clause by direct recruitment shall be allowed to continue for a period not exceeding one year or till a candidate advised by the Public Service Commission joins duty, whichever is earlier.

Provided also that Medical Officers and Para Medical Staff in the Insurance Medical Services Department appointed under this clause shall be allowed to continue for a period not exceeding one year or till a candidate advised by the Public Service Commission joins duty, whichever is earlier.

Provided also that the provisionally appointed Wardens in the Hostels for Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe students shall be allowed to continue in service till the closing date of the institutions for annual vacation or till a candidate advised by the Public Service Commission joins duty, whichever is earlier.

Note.— Provisional appointment in the post of Warden shall be made only after reporting the vacancies to the Public Service Commission and getting the report from the Public Service Commission that there is no list of candidates readily available for recruitment.

Provided also that no person who does not possess the qualifications, if any, prescribed for the said service, class or category, shall ordinarily be appointed under this clause. Every

person who does not possess such qualifications and who has been or is appointed under this clause shall be replaced, as soon as possible, by appointing a person possessing such qualifications:

Provided also that a person appointed under this clause by direct recruitment to a post and discharged from service after the admissible period, shall not be re-appointed to the same post by the same appointing authority, except when fresh candidates are not available for appointment through Employment Exchange, and such re-appointment shall be made only with the prior concurrence of the Commission.

(ii) Where it is necessary to fill a short vacancy in a post borne on the cadre of a service, class or category and the appointment of the person who is entitled to such appointment under these rules and the Special Rules, would involve excessive expenditure on travelling allowance or exceptional administrative inconvenience, the appointing authority may appoint any other person who possesses the qualifications, if any, prescribed for the said service, class or category.

(iii) A person appointed under clause (i) shall be replaced as soon as possible by a member of the service or an approved candidate qualified to hold the post under the said rules:

Provided that persons appointed under clause (i) shall be replaced in the order of seniority based on length of temporary service in the unit.

Note- For the purpose of this proviso, posts within the jurisdiction of an Appointing Authority shall be treated as a unit.

(iv) A person appointed under clause (i) or (ii) shall not be regarded as a probationer in such service, class or category or be entitled by reason only of such appointment to any preferential claim to future appointment to such service, class or category.

(v) There shall be paid to a person appointed under clause (i) or clause (ii) the minimum pay in the time-scale of pay applicable to such service, class or category:

Provided that, if the person appointed is a member of another service, he shall be paid the pay admissible to him in the higher time-scale based on the pay in the lower time scale applicable to him under the rules regulating the fixation of pay, if such pay is higher. He shall be paid increments in the time scale at the time intervals, as fixed by the Government from time to time:

Provided further that persons appointed temporarily through Employment Exchanges shall not be eligible for increment in the time-scale even if they complete the prescribed period of service fixed for sanctioning such increment.

(b) A person appointed to any part-time post created in lieu of a whole time post borne on the cadre of a service, class or category shall not be regarded as a probationer in such service nor shall he be entitled by reason only of such appointment to any preferential claim

to future appointment to such service, class or category.

(c) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, if and when a temporary post is created as an addition to the cadre of any service, class or category and the holder thereof is required by the State Government to possess any special qualifications, knowledge or experience, any person who possesses such qualifications, knowledge or experience, and is considered to be the best fitted to discharge the duties of such post may, irrespective of other considerations, be appointed to that post by the appointing authority; but the person so appointed shall not, by reason only of such appointment, be regarded as a probationer in such service, class or category nor shall he acquire thereby any preferential right to future appointment to such service, class or category.

(d) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules or in the Special Rules if and when a vacancy arises in a post borne on the cadre of a service, class or category for appointment to which knowledge of a particular regional language is necessary in the opinion of the State Government and the person who is entitled to appointment to the post under these rules and the Special Rules does not possess such knowledge, any other person junior to him who had studied the respective regional language from Standard I to Standard IO as the medium of instruction and possesses such qualification and other qualifications, if any, prescribed under the rules may be appointed to that post; but the person so appointed shall not, by reason only of such appointment, be regarded as a probationer in such service, class or category, nor shall he acquire thereby any preferential right to future appointment to such service, class or category.

(e) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules the Government may by order regularise the services of any person appointed directly under clause (i) of sub-rule (a), if such person,—

(i) has two years continuous service on 22nd December 1973 in one category of post in the same Department, or

(ii) is physically handicapped and was in service on any day during the period commencing on and from the 22nd December 1973 and ending with the 1st January 1974, or

(iii) is physically handicapped and has put in a total service of one year or more (including broken periods) during the period commencing on and from the 1st January 1968 and ending with the 31st December 1979, or

(iv) is physically handicapped and was in service on any day during the year 1981.

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(v) is a member of the Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe and was in service as on 2nd August 1984.

(vi) is physically handicapped and has to his/her credit one year of total service (including broken periods) as on 5th January 1984, from 1st January 1968. (excluding 1981) in one or more categories of posts in the same or different Departments.

(vii) is physically handicapped and was in service for any day during the period commencing on and from the 01-01-1993 and ending with the 31-07-1994

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-rule, a physically handicapped person means a “person with disability” as defined in the Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 (Act No. 1 of 1996)

Note.—(1) The medical certificates issued to physically handicapped persons to prove their physical handicap shall, in the case of orthopaedically handicapped persons, specify whether the handicap causes, interference with their normal functioning of the bones, muscles and joints

Note.—(2) For the purpose of reckoning the period of two years continuous service prescribed in this sub-rule, the period during which a person continued in service, after the date of receipt by him of the order of the competent authority terminating his service, by virtue of any order of Court staying such order of termination, shall not be taken into account unless such order of termination, has been finally quashed by the Court:

Provided that the services of any person shall not be regularised under this sub-rule, unless he satisfies the conditions prescribed in sub-rule (b) of rule 10 of these rules.

9A. Appointment by agreements.— (1) When in the opinion of the State Government special provisions inconsistent with any of these rules or of any other rules made under the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution of India or continued by Article 313 of that Constitution (hereinafter referred to in this rule as the said rules) are required in respect of conditions of service, pay and allowances, pension, discipline and conduct with reference to any particular post or any of them, it shall be open to the State Government to make an appointment to such post otherwise than in accordance with these rules or the said rules and to provide by agreement with the persons so appointed for any of the matters in respect of which in the opinion of the State Government special provisions are required to be made and to the extent to which such provisions are made in the agreement, nothing in these rules or the said rules shall apply to any person so appointed in respect of any matter for which provision is made in the agreement:

Provided that in every agreement made in exercise of the power conferred by this rule it shall further be provided that in respect of any matter in respect of which no provision has been made in the agreement the provisions of these rules or of the said rules shall apply.

(2) A person appointed under sub-rule (1) shall not be regarded as a member of the service in which the post to which he is appointed is included and shall not be entitled by reason only of such appointment to any preferential claim to any other appointment in that or any other service.

9B. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules or in the Special Rules, the Government, may, in public interest and for reasons to be recorded in writing, depute or transfer officers from one service to another or from one Department to another within the same service or sent to or take in officers from other Governments or Statutory Bodies subject to such conditions as the Government may in each case impose:

Provided that in the case of transfers in the interest of security of State, the reasons need not be recorded if Government are satisfied that it is not expedient to disclose the reasons for such transfer:

Provided further that the Commission shall be consulted in respect of such deputations and transfers whenever such consultation has not been specifically excluded by the provisions of the Kerala Public Service Commission (Consultation) Regulations, 1957.

10. Qualifications.— (a) (i) The educational or other qualifications, if any, required for a post shall be as specified in the Special Rules applicable to the service in which that post is included or as specified in the executive orders of Government in cases where Special Rules have not been issued for the post/service.

(ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules or in the Special Rules, the qualifications recognised by executive orders or standing orders of Government as equivalent to a qualification specified for a post, in the Special Rules or found acceptable by the Commission as per rule 13 (b) (i) of the said rules in cases where acceptance of equivalent qualifications is provided for in the rules and such of those qualifications which pre-suppose the acquisition of the lower qualification prescribed for the post, shall also be sufficient for the post.

(aa) The minimum general educational qualification of the S.S.L.C Standard wherever referred to in the Special Rules shall mean the qualifications specified in the Schedule to this Part.

(aaa) Where the Special Rules for any service prescribe the possession of the minimum general educational qualification of the S.S.L.C Standard referred to in clause (aa) as a qualification for appointment as full member in such service, or in any class or category thereof, or for promotion to any other class or category in such service, or for appointment by transfer to any other service, a person already in service on 31.10.1956, or a person who was advised for appointment by the Public Service Commission on or before 31.10.1956 irrespective of the date of his joining duty on such advice and who does not possess the above qualification but who is certified by the Head of the Department concerned to be otherwise deserving of appointment as full member or promotion or, as the case may be, transfer shall be deemed to possess the minimum general educational qualification of the S.S.L.C Standard if he appears for the examination of the S.S.L.C Standard conducted by the commission and secures the minimum percentage of marks to be prescribed from time to time.

(aaaa) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules or in the Special Rules, persons belonging to linguistic minorities who take the recruitment test in a language other than in Malayalam and are appointed to any service shall pass the language test in Malayalam prescribed in G.O. (Ms) No. 142/PD dated, 31.03.1966 within a maximum period of ten years from the date of appointment. In cases where the persons concerned have to be on probation, passing of the test shall be a condition for successful completion of probation, and their periods of probation shall, if necessary, be extended up to a maximum period of ten years. Such extension of probation shall not however entail postponement of increment. Persons who fail to pass the test within the period of ten years from the date of appointment shall be

discharged from service.

Persons in service belonging to linguistic minorities appointed to any service by transfer or by promotion shall also pass the above language test in Malayalam, if they have not already passed the test subject to the conditions specified above excepting condition regarding discharge from service. Such persons who fail to pass the test within the prescribed period of ten years shall be reverted to the posts held by them before their appointment by transfer or promotion:

Provided that a person referred to in this sub-rule who has been in service for more than 4 years on the date of commencement of the Kerala State and Subordinate Services (Amendment) Rules, 1981, published under Notification No. G.O.(P) 194/81/GAD. Dated 12.06.1981 shall be allowed to pass the language test in Malayalam within a period of two years from the said date, if he has not already passed the test.

Explanation.— For the purpose of this sub-rule a person shall be deemed to have passed the language test in Malayalam prescribed in G.O. (Ms) No. 142/PD. dated, 31.03.1966 if he has taken Malayalam as second language in the High School Courses or Degree Courses.

(ab) Where the Special Rules or Recruitment Rules for a post in any service prescribe qualification of experience, it shall, unless otherwise specified, be one gained by persons on temporary or regular appointment in capacities other than paid or un paid apprentices, trainees and Casual Labourers in Central or State Government Service or in Public Sector Undertaking or Registered Private Sector Undertaking, after acquiring the basic qualification prescribed for the post:

Provided that the experience gained as factory workers on daily wages of a permanent nature may be accepted, if the service is continuous and not of a casual nature.

Explanation.— For the purpose of this sub-rule, ‘Registered Private Sector Undertaking’ means.—

(i) Co-operative Societies registered under the Kerala Co-operative Societies Act, 1969, Societies Registered under the Societies Registration Act 1860 or the Travancore-Cochin Literary, Scientific and Charitable Societies Registration Act, 1955 or Companies registered under the Companies Act, 1956 or any institution, firm or company which has a legal entity under any law for time being in force;

(ii) Small Scale Industrial Units registered with the Industrial Development Commissioner; and

(iii) Industrial Institutions wherein Government have investments.

(abb) Experience for 179 days gained through temporary appointments under rule 9(a)

(i) in Departments under Government or Government/quasi Government Institutions or Public Sector Undertakings shall be considered as experience therein for six months for appointment to posts for which qualification of experience for not less than six months is prescribed.

(b) No person shall be eligible for appointment to any service by direct recruitment, unless —

(i) he satisfies the appointing authority that he is of sound health, active habits and free from any bodily defect or infirmity rendering him unfit for such service;

(ii) that he does not have more than one wife living or, if the person is a woman, that she is not married to any person who has a wife living; and

(iii) the State Government are satisfied that his character and antecedents are such as to qualify him for such service:

Provided that, before the Government are satisfied of the character and antecedents of a person selected/advised for appointment by direct recruitment, the Appointing Authority may appoint him/her temporarily under clause (i) of sub-rule (a) of rule 9 of these rules subject to the condition that his/her appointment shall be terminated without notice if Government are not satisfied of his/her character and antecedents on subsequent verification and that he/she shall be eligible for appointment in regular service in accordance with the Rules only if his/her character and antecedents are found satisfactory on subsequent verification.

Note- (1) A person appointed under this proviso shall not be treated as a member of the service to which he has been so appointed unless he/she is appointed in regular service in accordance with the rules. In case it is found that his/her character and antecedents are satisfactory, his/her temporary appointment shall be treated as appointment in regular service from the date to his/her temporary appointment to the service.

(2) The Appointing Authorities shall get the necessary details for verification of character and antecedents of the candidates advised by the Commission from the candidates themselves before they are allowed to join duty and the appointing authorities shall obtain the reports on the verification of character and antecedents of the candidates so advised within a period not exceeding six months from the date of joining duty of the candidates.

(bb) *****

(c) The upper age limit prescribed in the Special Rules shall, unless otherwise stated, be raised by 5 years in the case of a candidate belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or adult members of such castes and their children when such adult members are converted to other religions, or Scheduled Tribes and by 3 years in the case of a candidate belonging to any of the Other Backward Classes:

Provided that the age limit shall not apply—

(i) to the appointment of a candidate belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or adult members of such castes and their children when such adult members are converted to other religions, or Scheduled Tribes to a post included in a service for which the Special Rules prescribe a qualification lower than a degree of a recognised University, if such candidate possesses an educational qualification which is higher than that referred to in sub-rule (a) and he is otherwise qualified for appointment; or

(ii) the appointment to a post included in a service of a candidate belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or adult members of such castes and their children when such adult members are converted to other religions, or Scheduled Tribes who holds a degree of a recognised University, if the degree he holds is not lower than the degree, if any, prescribed in the Special Rules for appointment to such posts and if he is otherwise qualified for appointment.

Explanation.—The expression educational qualification in clause (i) of the proviso to sub-rule (c) of this rule, shall mean technical qualification in the case of technical posts and general educational qualification in the case of non-technical posts.

(cc) The upper age limit allowed to a candidate belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes under Rule 10 (c) and the provisos thereunder shall up to 31st March 1967, apply to persons actually engaged in the profession of Goldsmiths or as lapidary workers for a period of at least six months prior to the issue of the Gold Control Rules, viz; 10th January 1963 and who are thrown out of employment, irrespective of the community to which the person concerned belongs. Such persons should produce certificates issued by Revenue Officers not below the rank of Tahsildars showing that they were actually engaged in the profession of Goldsmiths or as lapidary workers for a period of not less than six months before 10th January 1963. The concessions available under this sub-rule to the persons actually engaged in the profession of Goldsmiths and lapidary workers will be available up to 31st March 1967 to such persons as are residing with and financially dependent on them also, provided they produce certificates issued by Revenue Officers not below the rank of Tahsildars showing that they were residing with and financially dependent on the persons actually engaged in the profession of Goldsmiths or lapidary workers for a period of at least six months prior to 10th January 1963.

(d) The upper age limit prescribed in the Special Rules may be relaxed by the commission in cases where the appointment has to be made in consultation with it and by the State Government or by the Appointing Authority with the approval of the State Government in other cases, if age alone stands in the way of appointment of a candidate belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes to fill up the quota reserved for the group.

(dd) In the absence of qualified candidates within the age limit, the upper age limit shall be relaxed up to 50 years for Special Recruitment.

(e) In the case of a candidate who is an Ex-Serviceman or Ex-General Reserve Engineer Force person or a disembodied Territorial Army Person, the period of his service in the

Defence Forces or in the General Reserve Engineer Force or in the Territorial Army, as the case may be and the period of unemployment on discharge up to a maximum of five years shall be excluded in computing his age for appointment.

(f) The upper age limit prescribed in the Special Rules as raised by the Public Services (Raising of Upper Age Limit for Appointment) Rules 1972, shall be further raised by 3 years in the case of Land Verification Volunteers who were recruited during the year 1973-'74 under the Half-a-Million Jobs Programme and were subsequently retrenched.

Note- In the case of former Land Verification Volunteers belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes or Other Backward Classes to whom the provisions of this sub-rule are applicable, the upper age limit shall be further raised as provided sub-rule (c).

(g) In the case of an Ex-Home Guard Volunteer who has completed 3 years of service in the Home-Guards Organisation and who had satisfactorily undergone the Home-Guard's Training during the period, the entire period of his service in the Home-Guards Organization and the period of unemployment thereafter, up to a maximum of 7 years shall be excluded, in computing his age for appointment in Public Services.

(h) The entire period of service in the Personal Staff of Ministers/Leader of Opposition/Government Chief Whip/Speaker/Deputy Speaker/ Chairmen of Financial Committees, rendered by a person (other than a Government Servant) shall be excluded in computing his age for appointment in Public Services subject to the overall age limit fixed in the Public Services (Raising of Upper Age Limit for Appointment.) Rules, 1978.

(i) The upper age limit prescribed in the Special Rules, as raised by the Public Services (Raising of Upper Age Limit for Appointment) Rules, 2014, shall be further raised by five years in the case of widows subject to the condition that the maximum age limit shall in no case exceed fifty years.

10A. A probationer in a service in the entry cadre who does not come under the purview of sub-rule (aaaa) of rule 10 and who has not studied Malayalam as one of the languages till Standard X or as a subject at Plus-two or at Degree level shall pass within the period of probation, a language test in Malayalam with not less than 40% marks conducted by the Kerala Public Service Commission which shall be equivalent to Senior Higher Diploma Test of the Malayalam Mission.

Note:-- Class IV employees and those who have already passed the Senior Higher Diploma test of Malayalam Mission are exempted from passing the test conducted by the Kerala Public Service Commission.

11. Special Qualifications to be acquired or Special Test to be passed during probation.—Where a probationer has, before he commenced his probation, already

acquired any special qualification or passed any special test prescribed by the Special Rules or has acquired such other qualification as may be considered by the State Government or by the Appointing Authority with the approval of the State Government to be equivalent to the said special qualification or special test, he shall not be required to acquire such special qualification or to pass such special test again after the commencement of his probation.

12. Qualifications for promotion.— (a) Where general educational qualifications, special qualifications or special tests are prescribed by the Special Rules of the service for any category, grade or post therein, or in a class thereof, which are not prescribed for a category or grade in such service or class carrying a lower rate of pay and no member in the category or grade carrying the lower rate of pay is eligible for promotion to such category, grade or posts a member in such lower category of grade may be promoted to the category or grade carrying the higher rate of pay temporarily until a member of the former category or grade qualified under this rule is available for promotion. A member temporarily promoted under this rule shall not by reason only of such promotion, be regarded as a probationer in the category or grade to which he has been promoted, or be entitled to any preferential claim to future promotion.

(b) A probationer in a category carrying a lower rate of pay who is promoted temporarily under sub-rule (a) to a category carrying a higher rate of pay in the same service shall be entitled to count towards his probation in the former category the period of duty performed by him in the latter category during which he would have held a post in the former category but for such temporary promotion.

13. Special Qualifications.— No person shall be eligible for appointment to any service, class, category or grade or any post borne on the cadre thereof unless he,—

(a) possesses such special qualifications and has passed such special tests as may be prescribed in that behalf in the Special Rules, or

(b) possesses such other qualifications as may be considered to be equivalent to the said special qualifications or special tests —

(i) by the Commission in cases where the appointment has to be made in consultation with it; or

(ii) by the State Government or by the Appointing Authority with the approval of the State Government, in other cases:

Provided that in the case of the Ministerial Staff of the different Departments/Office in the Kerala Judicial Ministerial Subordinate Service and in the Kerala Ministerial Subordinate Service the unified tests prescribed in G.O.(P) 22/63/PD. dated the 14th January 1963, as subsequently amended or clarified shall be applicable, until the Special Rules for the Kerala Judicial Ministerial Subordinate Service or the Kerala Ministerial Subordinate Service as the case may be come into force.

13A. Special and Departmental Tests.-Temporary exemption for promotion.--

(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in Rule 13,—

(a) Where a pass in a special or departmental test is prescribed by the Special Rules of a service for any category, grade or post therein or in any class thereof, a member of a service belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes who has not passed the said test but is otherwise qualified and suitable for appointment to such class, category, grade or post may be appointed thereto temporarily.

(b) Where a pass in a special or departmental test is newly prescribed by the Special Rules of a service for any category, grade or post therein or in any class thereof, a member of a service who has not passed the said test but is otherwise qualified and suitable for appointment to such class, category, grade or post may, within 2 years of the introduction of the test, be appointed thereto temporarily.

Provided that Special or departmental test mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) above shall mean obligatory departmental tests specified by the Special Rules of a service for promotion/by transfer appointment to any category, grade or post therein and shall not include obligatory departmental tests specified by the Special Rules for satisfactory completion of probation in any category, grade or post therein.

(2) If a member of a service appointed under clause (a) of sub-rule (1) does not pass a test within 3 years from the date of such appointment or when the said test also involves practical training, within three years after the first chance to undergo such training after such appointment, or if a member of service appointed under clause (b) of sub-rule (1) does not pass the test within two years from the date of introduction of the said test or if the said test also involves practical training, within two years after the first chance to undergo such training after the introduction of the said test, he shall be reverted to the class, category, grade or post from which he was appointed and shall not again be eligible for appointment under clause (a) or (b) as the case may be, of sub-rule (1):

Provided that the period of temporary exemption allowed under clause (b) of sub-rule (1) shall be extended by 3 years in the case of a person belonging to any of the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes.

(3) If it is proposed to introduce any new test or tests of a higher standard the passing of which may be a condition precedent for benefits like increments, promotion, completion of probation, etc., such test or tests shall be introduced only subject to the following conditions, namely:—

(i) double the ordinary permissible time shall be allowed to an allotted employee for passing the test, in cases where tests of a higher standard are prescribed or where no tests are prescribed in the parent State;

(ii) notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (b) of rule 37-B, Part I, K.S.R and Rule 21 of these Rules penalties for not passing the test, such as denial of benefits like increments, promotion, etc., shall be held in abeyance till the expiry of the time given for

passing the prescribed test under clause (i) and the officer shall continue to be on probation till the expiry of the above period, if he has not passed the prescribed test by that time. If a member of the service promoted under this clause does not pass the prescribed test within the time given under clause (i), he shall be reverted to the class, category, grade or post from which he was promoted and shall not again be eligible for promotion under this clause;

(iii) allotted employees of and above the age of 45 years shall not be required to pass the tests and they shall be eligible for all benefits as if they had passed the tests.

This sub-rule shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 16th March 1966.

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), (2) and (3), the period of exemption shall, if necessary, be extended taking into account the number of times the prescribed test was conducted during the period so as to enable the members of the service to get at least two chances to appear for the test for each year of exemption.

(4A). Civil Servants of the Kerala State who were permitted to take up military service during the emergency and were allowed to retain their lien in their civil posts during the period of their absence on military service as per the orders in G.O. (Ms.) No. 62/Public dated the 6th February 1963 shall be granted temporary exemption from passing departmental tests as long as they are in military service and for a further period of 4 years from the date of rejoining in the civil posts on termination of the military service.

(5) A person reverted for not passing the tests within the period of exemption shall not, by reason only of the appointment within the period of exemption be entitled to any preferential claim to future appointment to the class, category, grade or post as the case may be, to which he has been so appointed:

Provided that this rule shall not be applicable to tests prescribed for purposes of promotion of the executive staff below the rank of Sub-Inspectors belonging to the Police Department.

Note.— This proviso shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 23rd October 1962.

13AA. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, the Government may, by order, exempt for a specified period, any member or members, belonging to a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe, and already in service, from passing the tests referred to in rule 13 or rule 13 A of the said Rules:

Provided that this rule shall not be applicable to tests prescribed for purposes of promotion of the executive staff below the rank of Sub-Inspectors belonging to the Police Department.

Note.— This proviso shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 13th January 1972.

13AB. The orders exempting members of the Scheduled Castes and of the Scheduled Tribes who were in service on the 13th January 1972, issued under Rule 13AA shall be and shall be deemed always to have been applicable to members of the Scheduled Castes and of

the Scheduled Tribes who entered service after the said date also.

13 B. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules or in the Special Rules or any executive orders, persons in Government Service who attained the age of 50 years shall be eligible for permanent exemption from passing the obligatory departmental tests other than those prescribed as essential qualification in the Special Rules or executive orders for all purposes such as promotion, appointment as full member of service etc.:

Provided that this rule shall not be applicable to tests prescribed for purposes of promotion of executive staff belonging to the Police Department:

Provided further that Ex-servicemen employees of the Rajya Sainik Board Department and National Cadet Corps Department who attain the age of 45 years and who have successfully completed probation shall be permanently exempted from passing the tests prescribed for promotion other than those prescribed as essential qualification.

13 BB. The provisions in rules 13A, 13AA and 13B of these Rules shall not apply to the qualifying course/training prescribed for the members of the Kerala Fire Service and the Kerala Fire Subordinate Service.

14. Reservation of appointments.— Where the Special Rules lay down that the principle of reservation of appointments shall apply to any service, class or category, or where in the case of any service, class or category for which no Special Rules have been issued, the Government have by notification in the Gazette declared that the principle of reservation of appointments shall apply to such service, class or category, appointments by direct recruitment to such service, class or category shall be made on the following basis:—

(a) The unit of appointment for the purpose of this rule shall be 20, of which 2 shall be reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, 8 shall be reserved for the Other Backward Classes, 2 shall be reserved for Economically Weaker Sections in general category and the remaining 8 shall be filled on the basis of merit;

Provided that out of every five posts reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, one shall go to Scheduled Tribe candidate and the remaining four shall go to Scheduled Caste candidates and in the absence of a candidate to fill up the post reserved for Scheduled Tribe candidates, it shall go to a Scheduled Caste candidates and *vice versa*.

(b) The claims of members of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other backward Classes and Economically Weaker Sections in general category shall also be considered for the appointments which shall be filled on the basis of merit and where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe, Other Backward Class or Economically Weaker Section in general category is selected on the basis of merit, the number of posts reserved for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes or for Economically Weaker Sections in general category, as the case may be, shall not in any way be affected.

(ba) There shall be no reservation to Economically Weaker Sections for appointment to single post where the cadre strength of the post is 1(one).

(c) Appointments under this rule shall be made in the order of rotation specified below in every cycle of 20 vacancies.

1. Open Competition
2. Other Backward Classes
3. Open Competition
4. Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes
5. Open Competition
6. Other Backward Classes
7. Open Competition
8. Other Backward Classes
9. Economically Weaker Sections
10. Other Backward Classes
11. Open Competition
12. Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes
13. Open Competition
14. Other Backward Classes
15. Open Competition
16. Other Backward Classes
17. Open Competition
18. Other Backward Classes
19. Economically Weaker Sections
20. Other Backward Classes

Provided that the fourth turn in the third rotation and the twelfth turn in the fifth rotation shall go to Scheduled Tribe candidates and the fourth and twelfth turns in the first, second and fourth rotations, the twelfth turn in the third rotation and the fourth turn in the fifth rotation shall go to Scheduled Caste candidates and in the absence of a candidate for appointment against the turn allotted for Scheduled Tribe candidates, it shall go to a Scheduled Caste candidate and *vice versa*:

Provided that the rule shall not apply in the following cases:—

(i) appointment of near relatives of military personnel killed, permanently disabled or reported to be missing in action, and near relatives of Government servants dying in harness, if they are or have been wholly dependent on such military personnel or Government servants, as the case may be, subject to the condition that priority in the matter of appointment shall be given only to one relation in the case of each such personnel or Government servant.

(ii) appointment of disabled Jawans who are to be rehabilitated on completion of their medical treatment.

Persons referred to in items (i) and (ii) above shall be given priority in the matter of appointment to Government service provided they possess the prescribed qualifications.

- Explanation** – (1) In the case of military personnel, the term "near relatives" means the widows/wives, sons, daughters, sisters, brothers, father, mother nieces, and nephews.
- (2) In the case of Government servants the term "near relatives" means the widows, sons, daughters, sisters, brothers, father and mother.

Note- This amendment shall be deemed to have come into force from the 12th March, 1970. But this amendment shall not affect the appointments already made under G.O. (Ms) No.20/70/PD., dated 21st January 1970 and appointments which may be made under the said G.O. on applications received by the Government on or before the 8th March, 1973:

Provided also that in preparing the list of eligible candidates to be appointed under this rule applying the rotations specified above in every cycle of 20 vacancies, the candidates eligible to be selected on open competition basis, that is, turns 1,3,5,7,11,13,15, and 17 shall be selected first and then the candidates for the reservation turns, out of those available in the ranked list in the particular groups having regard to their ranks. In finalising the select list any candidate of the same community selected on open competition turns if found to be below in the order of the candidates selected from the same community on the basis of reservation, for the fixation of ranks as per rule 27 of these rules, candidates of the same community obtaining higher marks shall be interchanged with the candidates of the same community in the reservation turn for the purpose of ranking.

Note - This amendment shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 17th December 1958

(d) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, posts to which, appointments are made by direct recruitment from a common ranked list prepared on the basis of a common test or interview or both, shall be grouped together for the purposes of observance of the rules relating to reservation of appointments.

(e) A supplementary list of sufficient number of suitable candidates, not less than five times the reservation quota, if available, from each community or group of communities for the purpose of satisfying the reservation quota, shall be prepared and published.

Note.— 'Suitable candidates' for the purpose of this rule shall mean candidates with notified minimum qualifications and marks in selection procedure lowered to the extent necessary.

(f) A provisional appointment chart, at the time of each advice, showing separately the candidates eligible to be selected on open competition basis and candidates eligible to be selected on reservation turns including details of non joining duty, no candidate available vacancies, and forfeited reservation turn vacancies pending, if any, to be compensated shall be published:

Provided that a final appointment chart shall be published at the end of the selection year showing the candidates selected on open competition basis and selected on reservation quota.

Note:- 'Appointment chart' for the purpose of this rule shall mean the list showing the details of candidates advised based on merit and another list of candidates advised based on reservation showing their community, group of communities, turn, vacancy details, such as non joining duty, no candidate available, temporarily passed over, etc.

15. (a) The integrated cycle combining the rotation in clause (c) of rule 14 and the sub-rotation in sub-rule (2) of rule 17 shall be as specified in the Annexure to this Part. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of these rules or in the Special Rules if a suitable candidate is not available for selection from any particular community or group of communities specified in the Annexure, such vacancy shall be kept unfilled, notified separately for that community or group of communities for that selection year and shall be filled by direct recruitment exclusively from among that community or group of communities. If after re-notification, repeatedly for not less than two times, no suitable candidate is available for selection from the respective community or group of communities, the selection shall be made from available Other Backward Classes candidates. In the absence of Other Backward Classes candidates, the selection shall be made from available Scheduled Castes candidates and in their absence, the selection shall be made from available Scheduled Tribes candidates.

Explanation.— One 'selection year' for the purpose of this rule shall be the period from the date on which the rank list of candidates comes into force to the on which it expires.

Note- All pending uncompensated turns of vacancies such as temporarily passed over, no candidate available and non-joining duty as on the 2nd February, 2006, shall be compensated.

(b) If a suitable candidate is not available for selection from the group of communities classified as 'Scheduled Castes' in the turn allotted from such group in the Annexure, the said group shall be passed over and the post shall be filled up by a suitable candidate from the group of communities classified "Scheduled Tribes" and *vice-versa*.

(c) The benefit of the turn forfeited to Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes communities by reason of it being passed over under sub-rule (b) shall be restored to it, at the earliest possible opportunity, if a suitable candidate from that particular community or group is available for selection by making adjustment against the claims of the Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe community that derived the extra benefit by reason of such passing over.

(ca) Where in any recruitment year, any vacancy earmarked for Economically Weaker Sections in general category cannot be filled up due to non-availability of suitable candidates belonging to Economically Weaker Sections in general category, such vacancies shall not be carried forward as back log and such vacancy shall be allotted to open competition.

(d) Reservation to a category of posts shall not exceed 60 % of the total number of vacancies for which selection is resorted to in a selection year:

Provided that the 60 % ceiling to reservation specified above shall not apply to the filling up of any number of reserved vacancies kept unfilled and notified separately as per sub-rule

(a) of rule 15 to be filled exclusively by direct recruitment from among a community or group of communities:

Provided further that such class of vacancies to be filled up in that year or in any succeeding year or years shall not be considered together with the vacancies of the year in which they are being filled up for determining the ceiling of 60 % of the total number of vacancies of that year.

16. There shall be sub-rotation among major groups of Other Backward Classes.

17. (1) The grouping of Other Backward Classes for the above purpose shall be as indicated below:—

1. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
2. Muslims
3. Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians
4. Hindu Nadars
- 4A. Nadars included in S.I.U.C.
5. Scheduled Caste Converts to Christianity
6. Viswakarmas
7. Dheeveras
8. Other Backward Classes put together i.e., communities other than those mentioned in items 1 to 7 above included in the list of "Other Backward Classes".

(2) (a) The 40% reservation allowed to Other Backward Classes shall be distributed among the different groups of Backward Classes in the following proportion:—

(i) For direct recruitment to posts included in the Kerala Last Grade Service.

Out of every 40 appointments, 11 shall be given to Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas, 10 to Muslims, 4 to Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians, 1 to Hindu Nadars and 2 to Nadars included in S.I.U.C., 2 to Scheduled Caste Converts to Christianity, 2 to Viswakarmas, 2 to Dheeveras and 6 to Other Backward Classes put together.

(ii) For direct recruitment to posts other than those included in the Kerala Last Grade Service.

Out of every 40 appointments, 14 shall be given to Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas, 12 to Muslims, 4 to Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians, 1 to Hindu Nadars and 1 to Nadars included in S.I.U.C., 1 to Scheduled Caste Converts to Christianity, 3 to Viswakarmas, 1 to Dheeveras and 3 to Other Backward Classes put together.

(b) The following shall be the rotation by which posts reserved for Other Backward Classes will be distributed among the various groups coming under the class:—

(i) For direct recruitment to posts included in the Kerala Last Grade Service,—

1. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
2. Muslims
3. Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians
4. Other Backward Classes
5. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
6. Muslims
7. Dheeveras

8. Viswakarmas
9. Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians
10. Muslims
11. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
12. Other Backward Classes
13. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
14. Muslims
15. Nadars included in S.I.U.C
16. Other Backward Classes
17. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
18. Muslims
19. Scheduled Caste Converts to Christianity
20. Other Backward Classes
21. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
22. Muslims
23. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
24. Hindu Nadars
25. Scheduled Caste Converts to Christianity
26. Muslims
27. Latin Catholics and Anglo-Indians
28. Other Backward Classes
29. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
30. Muslims
31. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
32. Nadars included in S.I.U.C
33. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
34. Muslims
35. Dheevaras
36. Other Backwards Classes
37. Latin Catholics and Anglo-Indians
38. Muslims
39. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
40. Viswakarmas

Explanation.—The expression "Other Backward Classes" referred to in items 4, 12, 16, 20, 28 and 36 shall mean Backward Classes referred to in item 8 under sub- rule (1) of this Rule.

- (ii) For direct recruitment to posts other than those included in the Kerala Last Grade Service.

1. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
2. Muslims
3. Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians
4. Other Backward Classes
5. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas

6. Muslims
7. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
8. Viswakarmas
9. Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians
10. Muslims
11. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
12. Muslims
13. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
14. Muslims
15. Nadars included in S.I.U.C
16. Other Backward Classes
17. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
18. Muslims
19. Scheduled Caste Converts to Christianity
20. Dheeveras
21. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
22. Muslims
23. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
24. Hindu Nadars
25. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
26. Muslims
27. Latin Catholics and Anglo-Indians
28. Viswakarmas
29. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
30. Muslims
31. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
32. Muslims
33. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
34. Muslims
35. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
36. Other Backwards Classes
37. Latin Catholics and Anglo-Indians
38. Muslims
39. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
40. Viswakarmas

Explanation.— The expression "Other Backward Classes" referred to in items 4, 16 and 36 shall mean Backward Classes referred to in item 8 under sub-rule(1) of this Rule.

17 A. Special Recruitment from among the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.— Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules or in the Special Rules, the State Government may reserve a specified number of posts in any service, class, category or grade to be filled by direct recruitment exclusively from among the members of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

This Rule shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 25.11.1959.

17B. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 10 (c) or in any Special Rules, the age limit for Special Recruitment from among the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes under rule 17A, to the posts in the various Departments shall be such, as may be fixed by Government, either by executive order or by Special Rules from time to time.

17C. The candidate claiming the benefit of age relaxation/reservation in appointments/special recruitments by virtue of being a member of the Backward Classes/Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes/Economically Weaker Sections as provided for in sub-rules (c), (d) and (dd) of rule 10, rule 14, rule 17A and rule 17B *ibid* shall produce to the satisfaction of the Kerala Public Service Commission, certificates/ relevant documents as required by them, to prove the claim in the application and in any case, on or before the date fixed by the Kerala Public Service Commission for the production of documents.

17D. Any Appointing Authority and Government Servant as defined in the Kerala Civil Services (Classification , Control and Appeal)Rules, 1960 who violate the Principles of reservation of appointments as provided in Rule 14 to rule 17 of these rules wilfully and deliberately shall be liable to be proceeded against under the said Rules for dereliction of duty and the penalties under the penalties under the said rules may be imposed on him.

18. (a) Date of commencement of probation of persons first appointed temporarily.—If a person, having been appointed temporarily under sub- rule (a) or sub-rule (c) of rule 9 to a post borne on the cadre of any service, class or category otherwise than in accordance with the rules governing appointment thereto, is subsequently appointed to the service, class or category in accordance with the rules, he shall commence his probation from the date of such subsequent appointment or from such earlier date as the appointing authority may determine, without prejudice to seniority of others

(b) Service in a different service counting for probation.— A probationer in a service or class or category of a service shall be eligible to count for probation, his service, if any, performed otherwise than in a substantive capacity on regular appointment to another service in accordance with the rules if the normal method of recruitment to the latter service is according to the rules, by transfer from the former service or the class or category thereof, as the case may be or, if the duties and responsibilities attaching to the latter service, or the class or category thereof have been declared by the State Government to be of equal or greater importance than those attaching to the post from which he has been transferred.

(c) Service in a higher category counting for probation.— A probationer in any category or a service or class of service shall be eligible to count for probation, his service, if any, performed otherwise than in a substantive capacity on regular appointment to a higher category of the same service or class of service, as the case may be.

Nothing contained in this sub- rule shall be construed as authorising the promotion of a probationer in a category to a higher category in contravention of rule 28.

(d) Temporary service counting for probation.—A probationer in one service who is appointed temporarily to another service, Subordinate or State, under sub-rule (a) or sub-rule (c) of Rule 9 shall be entitled to count towards his probation in the former service the period of duty performed by him in the latter service during which he would have held a post in the former service but for such temporary appointment.

(e) Service on temporary promotion counting for probation.— A probationer in any category of a service who is promoted temporarily under the provisions of Rule 31 to a higher category in the same service shall be entitled to count towards his probation, if any, in the former category the period of duty performed by him in the latter category during which he would have held a post in the former category but for such temporary promotion.

(f) A member of a service or class or category of a service deputed in public interest to discharge the duties of another post shall be eligible to count the period of such deputation for probation in the service or class or category of the service in which he was a probationer at the time of his deputation or would have been a probationer but for his deputation.

(g) A probationer who before completing probation in the service, class or category to which he is first appointed proceeds on leave without allowance granted and availed of as per Appendix XII A, Appendix XII B or Appendix XII C of Part I of the Kerala Services Rules shall commence probation afresh on his return from such leave.

(h) A person who got appointment in one Department of a service from a common selective list prepared by the Commission and thereafter discharged from that department for want of vacancy and got reappointed on re-registering his name with the Public Service Commission, shall be entitled to count his service in the former Department for probation in the latter Department.

(i) An inter-departmental transferee shall have to undergo probation in the new department in accordance with the Special Rules. In the case of inter-departmental transfer to the services for which Special Rules have not been issued, the transferee shall not be allowed to count his service in the former service or unit for the purposes of probation in the new department and in such cases the inter-departmental transferee shall be on probation for a total period of two years on duty in the new Department within a continuous period of three years.

19. Suspension, termination or extension of probation.— (a) Where the Special Rules of any service prescribe a period of probation for appointment as a full member of the service or where such period of probation has been extended under General Rule 21, the Appointing Authority may, at any time before the expiry of the prescribed period of probation or the extended period of probation, as the case may be—

- (i) suspend the probation of a probationer and discharge him for want of vacancy, or
- (ii) at its discretion, by order, either, terminate the probation of a probationer and discharge him or in case the probation has not been extended under

General Rule 21 extend the period of his probation, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the action proposed to be taken in regard to him:

Provided that where a probationer has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the imposition on him of any of the penalties specified in items (iv), (vii), (viii) and (ix) of Rule 11 of the Kerala Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules and at the conclusion of the disciplinary proceedings, a tentative conclusion is arrived at to terminate his probation, a further opportunity of showing cause specifically against termination of his probation need not be given to him.

Explanation.- An opportunity to show cause may be given after the Appointing Authority arrives at a provisional conclusion on the suitability or otherwise of the probationer for full membership of the service, either by such authority himself or by a subordinate authority who is superior in rank to the probationer.

(b) (i) If within the period of probation a probationer fails to acquire the special qualifications or to pass the special tests, if any, prescribed in the Special Rules, or to acquire such other qualifications as may be declared by the State Government or by the Appointing Authority with the approval of the State Government to be equivalent to the said special qualifications or special tests, the Appointing Authority shall, by order, discharge him unless the period of probation is extended under rule 21.

(ii) If within the period of probation prescribed in the Special Rules, for the service or within the extended period of probation, as the case may be, the probationer has appeared for any such tests or for any examinations in connection with the acquisition of any such qualifications and the results of the tests or examinations for which he has so appeared are not known before the expiry of such period, he shall continue to be on probation until the publication of the results of the tests or examinations for which he has appeared or the first of them in which he fails to pass, as the case may be.

In case the probationer fails to pass any of the tests or examinations for which he has so appeared, the appointing authority shall by order discharge him.

Provided that where a probationer has appeared for any tests or examinations within the period of probation prescribed in connection with the acquisition of any such qualifications and the results of the tests or examinations for which he has appeared and passed are known only after the expiry of the prescribed period of probation, he shall be deemed to have satisfactorily completed his probation on the date on which he has completed the prescribed period of probation.

- Note---** (i) This amendment shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 17th December 1958.
- (ii) Cases already settled or disposed of prior to the issue of this amendment shall not be reopened.

(iii) [*****]

20. Probationer's suitability for full membership.— (a) At the end of the prescribed or extended period of probation, as the case may be, the Appointing Authority shall consider the probationer's suitability for full membership of the service, class or category for which he was selected:

Provided that in case the probation was extended under rule 21, solely to enable the probationer to acquire the special qualifications or to pass the prescribed tests, the Appointing Authority shall consider the probationers suitability for full membership of the service, class or category as soon as the probationer has acquired the special qualifications or has passed the prescribed tests.

(b) If the Appointing Authority decides that a probationer is suitable for such membership, it shall as soon as possible issue an order declaring the probationer to have satisfactorily completed his probation. On the issue of such order, the probationer shall be deemed to have satisfactorily completed his probation on the date of the expiry of the prescribed or extended period of probation:

Provided that in cases to which the proviso to sub-rule (a) applies the probationer shall be deemed to have satisfactorily completed his probation on the day following the last date of the whole examination or test in which the probationer has acquired the special qualification or has passed the prescribed tests by passing one more subjects, if such date is earlier than the date of expiry of the extended period of probation.

Note— Where a person can choose between two examinations or tests or corresponding subjects/papers of two examinations or tests and where the two examinations or tests conducted during the same period end on two different dates, the benefit of passing the examination or test shall be deemed to have accrued on the day following the last date of the whole examination or test which ends on the later date.

(c) If the Appointing Authority decides that the probationer is not suitable for such membership, it shall unless the period of probation is extended under Rule 21 by order discharge him after giving him a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the action proposed to be taken in regard to him:

Provided that where a probationer has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the imposition on him of any of the penalties specified in items (iv), (vii), (viii) and (ix) of Rule 11 of the Kerala Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules and at the conclusion of the disciplinary proceedings, a tentative conclusion is arrived at to discharge him a further opportunity of showing cause specifically against such discharge need not be given to him.

Explanation I.— The decision of the Appointing Authority that the probationer is not suitable for full membership may be based also on his work and conduct till the date of the decision inclusive of the period subsequent to the prescribed or extended period of probation.

Explanation II.— An opportunity to show cause may be given after the appointing authority arrives at a provisional conclusion on the suitability or otherwise of the probationer for full membership of the service, either by such authority himself or by a subordinate authority who is superior in rank to the probationer.

20 A. Delay in the order of probation.— Any delay in the issue of an order discharging a probationer under clause (ii) of sub-rule (a) of rule 19, or clause (i) or (ii) of sub-rule (b) of that rule or sub-rule (c) of rule 20, shall not entitle him to be deemed to have satisfactorily completed his probation.

21. Extension of probation.— In the case of any probationer falling under sub-rule (b) of rule 19 or sub-rule (c) of rule 20, the Appointing Authority may extend his probation for a maximum period of one year to enable him to acquire special qualifications or pass the prescribed tests, as the case may be, or to enable the appointing authority to decide whether the probationer is suitable for full membership or not. Extension of probation beyond one year may, however, be ordered by Government if found necessary. In cases where the probation of a probationer is extended a condition shall, unless there are special reasons to the contrary, be attached to the order of extension of probation that the probationer's increment shall be stopped until he is declared to have satisfactorily completed his probation. Such stoppage of increment shall not be treated as a penalty but only as a condition of extension of probation and shall not have the effect of postponing future increments after he has passed the prescribed tests or examinations or after he is declared to have satisfactorily completed his probation.

22. Exercise of certain powers of Appointing Authority by higher authorities.— The powers conferred on the Appointing Authority, other than the State Government, may be exercised also by any higher authority to whom the appointing authority is administratively subordinate whether directly or indirectly, in the following cases:—

- 1) Termination of probation of a probationer under Rule 19 (a) (ii).
- 2) Discharge of a probationer under Rule 20 (c).
- 3) Extension of probation under rule 19 (a) (ii) or rule 21.

23. Appeal against discharge.— (a) A probationer who is discharged under clause (ii) of sub-rule (a) of rule 19 or under sub-rule (c) of rule 20 shall be entitled to appeal against the order of discharge passed by the competent authority to the authority to which and within the period of limitation within which an appeal would lie against an order of dismissal passed by the competent authority against a full member of his service, class or category, as the case may be:

Provided that in the case of a probationer in a State Service who is discharged from service by an authority subordinate to the State Government, an appeal shall lie to the State Government.

(b) The authority competent to entertain an appeal under sub- rule (a) may, either of its own motion or otherwise, revise any order discharging a probationer under any of the provisions referred to in the said sub-rule within one year of the date of such order.

(c) (i) When an order discharging a probationer is set aside on appeal under sub-rule (a) or on revision under sub- rule (b) and the probationer is restored to the service, the period on and from the date of discharge to the date of such restoration may, with the previous sanction of the State Government, be treated as on duty except for purposes of probation, the period of probation undergone by such probationer at the time of his discharge shall, however, count towards the period of probation prescribed by the rules applicable to him.

(iii) Such probationer may, during the period on and from the date of his discharge to the date of his restoration, be paid such pay and allowances not exceeding the pay and allowances to which he would have been entitled if he had not been discharged, as the authority passing the orders under sub-rule (a) or (b) may, with the previous sanction of the State Government, determine.

24. Appointment of full members.— (a) Subject to the provisions of rule 8 an approved probationer shall be appointed to be a full member of the service in the class or category for which he was selected, at the earliest possible opportunity, in any substantive vacancy which may exist or arise in the permanent cadre of such class or category and if such vacancy existed from a date previous to the issue of the order of appointment, he may be so appointed with retrospective effect from the date or, as the case may be, from any subsequent date from which he was continuously on duty as a member of the service in such class or category or in a higher class or category:

Provided that where more than one approved probationer is available for such appointment as full member, the senior most approved probationer on the date of the vacancy shall be appointed:

Provided further that notwithstanding anything contained in this sub-rule, a candidate who is recruited direct to a post in any service, class, category or grade reserved for members of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes shall, on satisfactory completion of probation, be appointed to any substantive vacancy which may exist in the permanent cadre of such service, class, category or grade, or if no such vacancy exists, to the first such vacancy which may arise after the satisfactory completion of probation.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this sub- rule an approved probationer on leave shall be deemed to be on duty as a member of the service in the class or category concerned if he would have been on duty in such class or category or in a higher class or category but for his absence on leave.

(b) Where appointment to any service, class or category is according to rules normally both by direct recruitment and by transfer, vacancies against which persons have been recruited direct shall be regarded as a distinct group, while all other vacancies shall be regarded as another distinct group, and appointment of full members in accordance with sub-

rule (a) shall be made separately in each of these groups.

25. Appointment as full member, discharge and re-appointment of members who are not probationers or approved probationers.— In regard to persons appointed to any class or category of a service by promotion in respect of whom the Special Rules of the service do not prescribe a period of probation in the class or category to which they have been promoted, rule 6,7 and 24 of this Part shall be construed as if 'Probation' and 'probationer' or 'approved probationer' meant 'officiating service' and 'person officiating' respectively.

26. Membership of more than one service.— No person shall at the same time be a full member of more than one service.

A probationer, approved probationer or full member of one service who is appointed to be a full member of another service shall cease to be member of the former service.

27. Seniority.— (a) Seniority of a person in a service, class, category or grade shall, unless he has been reduced to a lower rank as punishment, be determined by the date of the order of his first appointment to such service, class, category or grade.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this sub-rule, "appointment" shall not include appointment under rule 9 or appointment by promotion under rule 31.

This amendment shall be deemed to have come into force with effect on and from the 17th December, 1958, but shall not affect the seniority of any member of a service settled prior to the date of publication of this amendment in the Gazette:

Provided that the seniority of persons on mutual or inter-unit or inter-departmental transfer from one Unit to another within the same Department or from one Department to another, as the case may be, on requests from such persons shall be determined with reference to the dates of their joining duty in the new Unit or Department. In the case of more than one person joining duty in the same grade in the same Unit or Department on the same date, seniority shall be determined, —

a) if the persons who join duty belong to different units or different departments, with reference to their age, the older being considered as senior, and

b) if the persons who join duty belong to the same category of post in the same department, in accordance with their seniority in the Unit or Department from which they were transferred.

Note-- (i) This amendment shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 28-12-1960.

(ii) Cases already settled or disposed of prior to the issue of this amendment shall not be re-opened:

Provided further that the seniority of persons advised for appointment to the same category of post in a Department on the same date by different District Offices/ District Units of the Public Service Commission and the seniority of persons advised for appointment to different posts which constituted feeder categories of higher posts in a Department on the same date by the Public Service Commission shall be decided as follows:-

- (i) When not more than one person is advised for appointment from each District, on the basis of their age, the older being declared senior to the younger.
- (ii) When more than one person is advised for appointment the persons having the same serial number in the various advice lists shall be grouped together separately and the inter-se-seniority in each group shall be fixed on the basis of their age, the older being declared senior to the younger.

Note.— While determining seniority under this proviso, if the date of birth of two or more persons happens to be the same, their seniority shall be fixed on the basis of the alphabetical order of their names and if the date of birth and the names of two or more persons happen to be the same, their seniority shall be fixed on the basis of the alphabetical order of the Districts concerned as below:-

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Alappuzha | (8) Kozhikkode |
| (2) Ernakulam | (9) Malappuram |
| (3) Idukki | (10) Palakkad |
| (4) Kannur | (11) Pathanamthitta |
| (5) Kasaragode | (12) Thiruvananthapuram |
| (6) Kollam | (13) Thrissur |
| (7) Kottayam | (14) Wayanad |

Provided also that the seniority of persons advised for appointment to a category of post in a Department, where the methods of appointment to that post are by promotion, by transfer and by direct recruitment in a fixed ratio or percentage, shall be determined as illustrated below:-

Where the first vacancy in a category is for appointment by promotion or transfer and the second vacancy is for appointment by direct recruitment and when the first two vacancies arise in that category a departmental hand shall be appointed regularly by promotion or transfer, as the case may be, in the first vacancy and in the absence of a direct recruit reporting for duty in the second vacancy a departmental hand shall be appointed temporarily by promotion or transfer, as the case may be, in that vacancy. In case a direct recruit does not report for duty till a third vacancy arises in the Department, the appointment of person temporarily by promotion or transfer in the second vacancy shall be regularized from the date of occurrence of the third vacancy. Similarly if two more vacancies arise in that cadre (totally five) the departmental hands are entitled for three vacancies and hence the promotion or transfer of the third man shall be regularized from the date of occurrence of the fifth vacancy. The direct recruit shall be entitled for rank and seniority from the date of his first effective advice:

Provided also that the seniority of a person advised by the District Office of the Public Service Commission for appointment in the vacancy in the Headquarters, without obtaining his willingness and transferred after such appointment to the district of his choice without insisting on the time limit of five years, shall be determined with reference to the date of his

original advice by the District Office of the Public Service Commission.

Note.—The above proviso shall not apply to inter-unit or inter-departmental transfers.

(b) The Appointing Authority shall, at the time of passing an order appointing two or more persons simultaneously to a service, fix the order of preference among them; and seniority shall be determined in accordance with it:

Provided that nothing contained in sub-rules (a) and (b) above shall be deemed to have superseded the orders of the Travancore-Cochin Government in R. Dis No. 8207/50/CS dated 7th May 1951 as subsequently clarified in respect of any person who was a member of any service on the date of coming into force of these Rules:

Provided further that the above said order of the Travancore-Cochin Government as subsequently clarified shall also be applicable to the persons appointed in the State of Kerala before the coming into force of these Rules.

This amendment shall be deemed to have come into force with effect on and from 17-12-1958:

Provided also that persons referred to in the foregoing provisos shall be entitled to restoration of seniority in accordance with the orders of the Travancore-Cochin Government referred to therein as subsequently clarified over those who have been appointed in the State of Kerala on or after the 17th day of December, 1958.

The amendment hereby made shall be deemed to have come into force with effect on and from the 17 th December 1958.

(c) Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses (a) and (b) above, the seniority of a person appointed to a class, category or grade in a service on the advice of the Commission shall, unless he has been reduced to a lower rank as punishment, be determined by the date of first effective advice made for his appointment to such class, category or grade and when two or more persons are included in the same list of candidates advised, their relative seniority shall be fixed according to the order in which their names are arranged in the advice list:

Provided that the seniority of candidates who have been granted extension of time to join duty beyond three months from the date of the appointment order, except those who are undergoing courses of study or training which are prescribed as essential qualification for the post to which they are advised for appointment, shall be determined by the date of their joining duty:

Provided further that the seniority of the persons appointed,-

(a) directly under the Compassionate Employment Scheme,

(b) through regularization of temporary or provisional hands, such as;

- (i) persons belonging to Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes;
 - (ii) physically handicapped persons; and
 - (iii) others,
- (c) to the 3% of Class III and IV posts reserved for appointment by physically handicapped persons through any other source than the Kerala Public Service Commission.
- (d) to the sports quota.

(e) through any other source other than recruitment through Kerala Public Service Commission shall be determined as per sub-rule (a) and (b) as above. As between persons appointed to the same category by the appointing Authority, on the advice of the Public Service Commission under the normal method and persons appointed by any one or more of the methods shown above, the former shall be treated as senior to the latter subject to the provisions in the first proviso, if the date of effective advice of the Commission for the appointment happens to be the same date or any other date earlier than the date of appointment of the latter. The seniority of persons appointed, otherwise than through the Kerala Public Service Commission, directly under any one of the methods mentioned above, to the same category, by the same Appointment Authority, but on different dates in a Unit/Department, shall be reckoned with reference to the date of former appointment order issued by the concerned Appointing Authority. If more than one person are allowed to be appointed directly by means of Government Order otherwise than through Kerala Public Service Commission, under any one or more of the methods mentioned above and are appointed to the same category, on the same date by the same Appointing Authority in a Unit/Department, than their seniority shall be reckoned with reference to their age, the older being reckoned senior to the younger. While fixing seniority by applying the above principle, if the dates of birth of more than one person happen to be the same, their seniority shall be fixed on the basis of the alphabetical order of their names. When issuing the formal appointment orders in such cases, the Appointing Authority shall determine the seniority and the order of precedence of the candidates to be appointed, using the aforementioned criteria and the same shall be specified in the appointment orders.

Provided also that where the date of effective advice in respect of a person appointed otherwise than in pursuance of rule 17A and a person appointed in pursuance of rule 17A is the same, the former shall subject to the provisions in the first proviso be treated as senior to the latter:

Provided also that the seniority of a person appointed or advised for appointment in one service from a common selective list, prepared by the Commission and thereafter discharged from service or denied appointment, as the case may be, for want of vacancy and got reappointed in another service or another Department/Institution on further advice of the Commission, shall be determined by the date of his first advice.

Provided also that in case where the date of joining duty of a person appointed on mutual or inter-unit or inter-departmental transfer to a post on request and the date of first effective

advice of a person appointed to the same category of post on the advice of the Commission are the same, the latter person shall be deemed senior to the former subject to the provisions in the first proviso:

**** **** **** **** ****

Provided further that approved probationers/permanent officers who avail leave without allowance for taking up employment abroad or within India or for study purpose or for joining spouse abroad or within India as per the provisions in Appendix XII A, Appendix XII B, Appendix XII C respectively of Part I, of Kerala Service Rules, shall lose their seniority in the service, class, category or grade with reference to their juniors in the service, class, category or grade who might get promoted before they re-join duty.

Provided also that the seniority of probationers who avail Leave Without Allowances for taking up employment abroad or within India or for study purpose or for joining spouse abroad or within India as per the provisions in Appendix XIIA, Appendix XII B, Appendix XII C respectively of Part I, Kerala Service Rules shall be determined by the date of their joining duty after the leave in such class category or grade and he will be senior to candidates advised on the re-joining date.

Note (1):- Cases already settled or disposed of prior to the issue of this amendment shall not be reopened.

Note (2):- The date of effective advice in this Rule means the date of the letter of the Commission on the basis of which the candidate was appointed.

27 A . **** **** **** **** ****

27 B. In case of disputes regarding seniority and matters connected with it by reason of any order of Government or any order of an authority subordinate to Government, representations for reconsideration of such order shall be submitted to Government by the aggrieved person within a period of six months from the date of receipt of the order, or the date of publication of the order in the Kerala Gazette, whichever is later.

Provided that the Government may entertain such representations even after the expiry of the period specified above, if it is satisfied that the applicant had sufficient cause for not submitting the representation in time.

28.(a) Promotion.—(i) Except in the case of appointment to the posts of Heads of Department no member of a service or class of a service shall be eligible for promotion from the category in which he was appointed to the service unless he has satisfactorily completed his probation in that category:

Provided that a probationer in a class, category or grade shall not be superseded for promotion to a higher class, category or grade by his junior, if the vacancy in the higher class, category or grade arises within the period specified in the Special Rules for completion of probation in the class, category or grade in which he is probationer and if he has passed the test or tests prescribed for successful completion of probation and is otherwise eligible and

suitable for such promotion; but his promotion shall be subject to the condition that he satisfactorily completes the probation in the class, category or grade from which he was promoted within the period prescribed thereof, and for this purpose the period of service put in by him in the higher class, category or grade shall be reckoned towards probation in the class, category or grade from which he was promoted and also in the class, category or grade to which he was promoted:

Provided further that if a probationer promoted in pursuance of the above proviso fails to complete his probation in the class, category or grade from which he was promoted within the period prescribed thereof, his probation in the higher class, category or grade shall be terminated and he shall be reverted to the class, category or grade from which he was promoted, and any subsequent promotion of such person to the higher class, category or grade shall not also entitle such person to claim seniority in the higher class, category or grade by reason only of his previous promotion in pursuance of the preceding proviso and he shall commence probation afresh in that class, category or grade from the date of such subsequent promotion.

(ii) Where the Special Rules for a service provide for appointment by promotion to any class or category from a specified class or category of such service, no member shall be eligible for such appointment unless he is a full member or an approved probationer in the class or category so specified:

Provided that if he is the holder of a post in any service for which no probation has been prescribed, he shall not be eligible for promotion unless he has put in satisfactory service in that post for a period of one year on duty within a continuous period of two years.

(iii) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules or in the Special Rules/Executive Orders, the period of probation for persons appointed by direct recruitment or recruitment by transfer through Public Service Commission shall be two years on duty within a continuous period of three years and for persons appointed in a post or category from another post or category in the same service or appointed by transfer from one service to another within the same Department or in another Department (where direct recruitment is not resorted to) shall be one year on duty within a continuous period of two years.

Provided that the period of probation for persons who were appointed on or after the 1st April, 2010 to selection posts in the State Services, by promotion or by transfer within the Department where direct recruitment is not one of the methods of appointments as per the Special rules, shall be six months on duty within a continuous period of one year.

(b) (i) Promotion and appointment by transfer according to merit and ability.—

Appointments to posts in a selection category or grade in a service or class, other than Heads of Departments which shall be made under Rule 28A, shall be made from a select list prepared from among the members eligible for appointment to such category or grade in accordance with these rules and the Special Rules, on the basis of merit and ability, seniority being considered only when merit and ability are approximately equal. The select list shall be prepared in the manner indicated herein.

(1) Selection of candidates for appointment to selection categories or grades shall be made by Departmental Promotion Committees constituted for each Department.

(2) A Departmental Promotion Committee shall consist of a member of the Public Service Commission and,—

(a) In the case of a Departmental Promotion Committee for selection to a post other than the lowest post in the State Service, the Appointing Authority or in case the Appointing Authority is the Government, a nominee of the Government, and the Head of the Department concerned:

(b) In the case of a Departmental Promotion Committee for selection to the lowest post in the State Service, the Appointing Authority for the post and a nominee of the Government not below the rank of a Deputy Secretary who is in charge of the administration of the Department concerned.

(3) The member of the Public Service Commission shall be the Chairman of the Departmental Promotion Committee and the authority to initiate action and to function as Convener of the Committee shall be the appointing authority.

(4) The Committee shall meet periodically to prepare select lists, in the order of merit, of the Officers selected for appointment. The Committee may also hold ad hoc meetings for the purpose of making selections to particular vacancies whenever occasion arises. The criterion for assessment of merit shall be the confidential reports of the officers. The confidential reports of the officers for at least the preceding three years shall be made available to the Committee for this purpose. Where remediable adverse remarks recorded in the confidential report of a Government Servant are not communicated to the officer concerned, such remarks shall be ignored by the Departmental Promotion Committee while considering his case for promotion. The following procedure shall be adopted by the Departmental Promotion Committee for the preparation of select lists:—

(a) Select lists shall be prepared during a calendar year for the vacancies estimated to arise in the next calendar year;

(b) During the first six months of the year action shall be taken to make all the Confidential Reports up-to-date, adverse remarks communicated, and orders for expunging such remarks issued wherever necessary. Simultaneously seniority lists shall also be made up-to-date and probation of officers in the field of choice declared. Confidential Reports and seniority lists shall be made up to date before 30th June;

(c) *** **

(d) During September/October the Departmental Promotion Committees will be convened and select lists prepared which will be notified before 30th November and in any case not later than December 31. If any officer becomes qualified after the preparation of the select list, but, before the occurrence of the vacancy, the Departmental Promotion Committee shall meet subsequently and his name shall be considered for inclusion in the select list;

(e) At the time of change over from the existing system the number of vacancies for the current year and the next year shall be considered together.

(4a) Where confidential reports for the three years mentioned in sub-clause (4) are not available in respect of an Officer who was under suspension but has been reinstated or who was or is on long leave, the suitability of the officer shall be assessed,—

(i) in the case of an Officer who has been reinstated after suspension fully exonerating him of the charges or in the case of an officer who was or is on long leave, on the basis of the confidential reports for a period of three years (excluding the period during which the officer was under suspension or on long leave or is on long leave, as the case may be) preceding the date of the meeting and if the Confidential Reports for the said period are not available, on the basis of the Confidential Report for the one year immediately after reinstatement or, as the case may be, immediately after rejoining duty after leave;

(ii) in the case of an Officer who has been reinstated after suspension imposing a penalty, on the basis of the confidential reports for the period after reinstatement (which shall not be less than one year.)

(4b) where confidential reports for the three years mentioned in sub-clause(4) are not available in respect of an officer for no fault of his up to a period of six months, the Departmental promotion Committee shall consider, ignoring the non-availability of the report for the said period, the suitability of the officer based on the available report or by getting special confidential report from the Superior Officer/Higher Authority under whom the Officer is working at the time of consideration of his case.

(5) On matters in respect of which there is difference of opinion, the views of the majority of the members of the Committee shall prevail. Provided that where the Member of the Public Service Commission requires that the Public Service Commission shall be consulted before final recommendation is made, such consultation shall be made.

(6) The Departmental Promotion Committee shall first decide the field of choice, that is, the number of eligible officers awaiting appointment who should be considered for inclusion in the "Select list". Provided, however, that an officer of outstanding merit, and his seniors, if any, in the category or grade may be included in the list of eligibles even if he or such seniors are outside the normal field of choice.

Note.- The field of choice shall as far as possible be thrice and at least twice the number of vacancies expected within a year plus the number of the superseded officers of the previous year. For example, if there are two anticipated vacancies and the number of superseded officers of the previous years is 4, the panel for the field of choice shall normally contain 10 names (6+4) or at least 8 (4+4).

(7) The "Select List" shall be prepared from among the eligible officers on the basis of merit and ability, seniority being a consideration only when all the qualifications are equal. The number of names to be included in the "Select List" shall be the same as the estimated number of vacancies likely to arise during the next year. Supplemental lists may be prepared in case the lists already prepared get exhausted before the close of the year to which they relate so as to obviate the necessity for convening meetings of Departmental Promotion Committees at short notice or keeping of posts unfilled and thereby causing administrative inconvenience. Persons selected for inclusion in the Select List shall be ranked in the Select List according to their seniority in the feeder category. When the Special Rules provide for a definite ratio or order of preference from the feeder categories, persons from each feeder category shall be included in separate select lists and appointment shall be made in accordance with the ratio or order of preference prescribed by such Special Rules for each feeder category.

- Note.-** (i) Officers under suspension and officers against whom criminal proceedings are pending in a Sessions Court or in any other higher Court for grave offences like murder, dacoity, etc; and Officers against whom departmental proceedings are taken for the imposition of a major penalty under the disciplinary rules applicable to them should not be included in the select list. But the suitability of such an Officer for promotion should be assessed at the relevant time by the Departmental Promotion Committee and a finding reached whether, if the Officer had not been suspended or the criminal proceedings/ departmental proceedings had not been pending against him, he would have been recommended/selected for promotion. Where a select list is prepared the Departmental Promotion Committee shall also make a finding as to what the position of the Officer in that list would have been but for the suspension or the criminal proceedings/ departmental proceedings against him. "The findings as to the suitability and the place in the select list of the officer should be recorded separately and attached to the proceedings. The proceedings of the Departmental Promotion Committee need only contain a note. "The findings are recorded in the attached sheet of paper". The authority competent to fill the vacancy should be separately advised to fill the vacancy only on a temporary basis. Officers against whom vigilance or departmental proceedings are taken after the charges have *prima facie* been established in a preliminary enquiry should not be included in the select list. But, the cases of such Officers should also be assessed. The question of including them in the select list shall be considered when the result of the enquiry is known. However Officers against whom departmental proceedings are taken for the imposition of a minor penalty may be included in the select list provisionally if they are found suitable but for the pendency of disciplinary proceedings initiated against them.
- (ii) The vacancy that would have gone to the Officer but for his suspension or the criminal proceedings/departmental proceedings against him for the

imposition of a major penalty should be filled only on a temporary basis by the next person in the approved list. If the Officer concerned is completely exonerated, he will be promoted thereafter to the post filled on a temporary basis, the arrangements made previously being reversed. If the exoneration is not complete, the Departmental Promotion Committee may decide each case on its merits. Where, however, the post which would have gone to the Officer but for his suspension or the criminal proceedings/ departmental proceedings against him, ceases to exist before the conclusion of the disciplinary proceedings, he will be promoted to the first vacancy that may be available in future if he is found fit for promotion at that time. If the officers against whom departmental proceedings are taken for imposition of a minor penalty and who have been provisionally included in the select list are fully exonerated of the charges, their cases for promotion on the basis of such inclusion in the select list shall be considered. If the Officers are not fully exonerated of the charges, the Departmental Promotion Committee may decide each case on its own merit.

- (iii) Officers whose names are included in the select list but who are subsequently placed under suspension or against whom criminal proceedings are taken in a Sessions Court or in any other higher Court for grave offences and officers against whom departmental proceedings are taken for the imposition of a major penalty under the disciplinary rules applicable to them, shall not be promoted on the basis of their inclusion in the select list until they are fully exonerated of the charges against them. If the officer is fully exonerated of the charges, he shall be promoted on the basis of his position in the select list to the post which has been filled on a temporary basis pending disposal of the charges against him. If the Officer is not fully exonerated, the Departmental Promotion Committee may consider each case on its own merit. Officers whose names are included in the select list but against whom departmental proceedings for imposing a minor penalty are initiated subsequently, may be promoted on a temporary basis pending disposal of the proceedings against them. If the Officer is fully exonerated of the charges the temporary promotion shall be treated as regular promotion and if the Officer is not fully exonerated of the charges, his case may be considered by the Departmental Promotion Committee on merits.

- (iii a) The inclusion of the names of Officers in the select list after decision by the Departmental Promotion Committee on their cases on merits under Note (ii) or Note (iii) and their consequent promotion shall be subject to further reassessment by the Departmental Promotion Committee on the basis of orders passed in appeal or review. If the Departmental Promotion Committee revises the select list on further reassessment and if by that time the Officer has been promoted on the basis of his inclusion in the earlier select list, the orders promoting the Officer shall be revised in accordance with the revised select list. In such cases the appointment as per the revised order only shall be considered as regular appointment. However, this

revision of order of appointment shall be made only if the orders in appeal or review are passed within a period of one year from the date of order of promotion of the Officer. In the cases of those who are not included in the select list prepared after reassessment under Notes (ii) or (iii) above, but who are fully exonerated of the charges on appeal or review passed within a period of two years from the date of publication of the select list, a further reassessment shall be made and the select list as well as appointments ordered on the basis of it shall be revised including such officers also in the select list if they are otherwise eligible for inclusion therein.

- (iv) Where while preparing a select list an officer has been superseded on account of his confidential report for the one year referred to in sub- clause (4a) not being available due to non-completion of the said period of one year, the select list shall be treated as provisional to the extent it relates to the officers junior to the officer so superseded, and as soon as the confidential reports in respect of such officer relating to the said one year become available, the departmental promotion committee shall review the list and make it absolute, after considering the claims of the officer with reference to the confidential reports for the said one year.
- (v) A censure under Rule 11 (1) (i) of the Kerala Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1960 or a warning awarded or proposed to be awarded to an Officer need not be taken into account while considering his case for promotion under Note (ii), (iii) and (iii a) above.
- (vi) When there are more than one feeder category carrying different scales of pay, they shall be shown in separate lists and persons in a lower scale of pay shall be appointed only after appointing all persons on a higher scale of pay, unless the Special Rules prescribe a ratio or any special order of preference for each feeder category.
- (vii) When the posts in the feeder categories are on the same scale of pay and there is no fixed ratio, appointment shall be made in accordance with their seniority in the feeder category, the seniority being determined by the date of the order of first appointment to that particular category, class or grade.

(8) (a) The select list prepared by the Department Promotion Committee in the manner referred to above shall be published by the Convener of the Committee after approval by the Government. Normally no revision of such select list shall be made under Rule 29 on the basis of re-evaluation of the confidential reports. However, if any officer who has been superseded and whose name has not been included in the list makes, within one month from the date of publication of the list, a written representation to the convener of the Departmental Promotion Committee requesting a revision of the list, the Committee shall consider the representation. After going through the representation, if the Committee feels that some clarification should be obtained from the superseded officer by personal hearing, it may do so and on the basis of such representation and personal hearing if it is of the view that the list already prepared should be revised, it may make a recommendation to the effect. The list shall then be revised accordingly and published by the Convener after approval by the Government.

Note.-- Promotions from the first list published by the Departmental Promotion Committee shall be provisional and the list will be subject to revision, if, after following the procedure, it is found that the list requires revision.

(b) Wherever Government consider that there are exceptional circumstances which warrant a departure from the advice of the Departmental Promotion Committee in the public interest, the Departmental Promotion Committee shall be given a fresh opportunity to consider the proposals of the Government to revise the select list. If on receipt of the recommendation of the Departmental Promotion Committee, Government still feel that there are exceptional circumstances which warrant a departure from the advice of the Departmental Promotion Committee in the public interest, they may take a decision accordingly. In that case it will be open to the Public Service Commission to include the matter in the Annual Report:

Provided that the power under this paragraph shall not be exercised after the expiry of one year from the date on which the select list was prepared by the Departmental Promotion Committee.

(9) The "Select List" shall be reviewed annually and it shall remain in force until it is revised. Names of those officers who have already been appointed shall be removed from the list and the rest of the names along with those officers who may now be included in the field of choice, shall be considered for the "Select List" for the subsequent period. A person included in an earlier select list, shall, however, be ranked above a person considered for a subsequent list, unless his conduct and work subsequent to such inclusion renders it necessary that he should be placed lower in the list or his name may be omitted from the list if there is definite deterioration in the work and conduct of the Officer subsequent to his inclusion in the select list for the previous year, as the case may be.

10) The claims of a person who qualifies himself for a post, after the select list in respect of that post has been prepared but before the date of occurrence of the vacancy in the higher post shall not be over looked.

11) The select list shall be reviewed and revised for the purpose of sub-clause in cases where the acquisition of an extra qualification or the gaining of a prescribed period of experience is insisted on as conditions precedent to the selection to the higher post. In such cases the following procedure shall be followed:—

The Convener of the Departmental Promotion Committee concerned should bring to the specific notice of the Committee the case of all senior hands who are being overlooked in drawing up the select list for want of qualification or experience and who are likely to acquire that qualification or experience during the pendency of the list. The select list drawn up at the meeting shall be treated as provisional to the extent to which it relates to the junior hands included in the select list whose seniors are likely to become fully qualified during the pendency of the list. When such senior hands acquire the qualification and/or experience which would make them eligible for appointment, the Convener shall take early steps for the convening of an *ad hoc* meeting of the Departmental Promotion Committee and after considering the claims of such persons, revise, if necessary, the provisional portion of the

select list. The provisional portion of the select list, if revised, shall be made absolute following the procedure laid down in sub-clause (8) above and the process repeated wherever necessary.

Note.- (i) As a person included in the earlier select list shall be ranked above a person considered for a subsequent list, unless his work and conduct subsequent to such inclusion renders it necessary that he should be placed lower in the list the calculation of anticipated vacancies for purpose of preparing annual or supplemental select lists shall be done as accurately as possible.

(ii) Claims of persons previously omitted from the list shall be considered whenever new lists are prepared.

(12) The recommendations made by the Departmental Promotion Committees shall be treated as recommendations having the approval of the Public Service Commission, and the convention regarding acceptance of the advice of the Commission shall apply to them. In cases where the Commission has been consulted, the convention regarding consultation with the Commission shall similarly apply to the final recommendations made by the Commission.

(13) Candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes shall not be superseded for appointment to Selection categories or grades by the application of too rigid a standard of suitability. The Departmental Promotion Committees may consider the case of such candidates sympathetically by relaxing the standard of suitability where possible, and only the claims of those whom the committee considers unsuitable even by the relaxed standards should be superseded for appointment to such selection categories or grades.

(14) Notwithstanding anything contained under this rule, the Government may by order effect promotion/appointments by transfer notionally without monetary benefit of pay and allowances but with consequential pensionary benefits, to a pensioner without having to follow the procedures such as preparation, publication and review of select list by convening the Departmental Promotion Committee, if it is found later on after his retirement that he would have become eligible at any time during the course of his service for being promoted or appointed to such posts, categories or grades in that service had due procedure according to the rule existing at that time or made applicable thereafter been followed at the appropriate time.

(iA) Preparation of select list subsequent to the occurrence of vacancy.- When a select list is prepared subsequent to the occurrence of a vacancy, no person who was not qualified for inclusion in the select list at the time of occurrence of the vacancy shall be included in the select list for appointment against that vacancy.

Note.- If there are no qualified persons for promotion to a post on the date of occurrence of the vacancy, the person who gets qualified first thereafter, shall be considered for promotion to that post:

Provided that where the Special Rules in respect of the post provide that direct recruitment shall be resorted to in the absence of qualified candidates for promotion on the

date of occurrence of the vacancy, recruitment to the post shall be made accordingly.

(ii) Promotion and appointment by transfer to higher posts according to seniority:- All other promotions or appointments by transfer to higher posts shall, subject to the provisions of these rules and the special rules, be made in accordance with seniority subject to the person being considered suitable for the post. Punishments other than censure awarded within a period of three years immediately preceding such promotion or appointment by transfer shall be taken into account in determining the suitability of a person for promotion or appointment by transfer.

Note.- (i) when there are more than one feeder category carrying different scales of pay, persons in lower scale of pay shall be appointed only after appointing persons in the higher scale of pay unless the Special Rules provide a ratio or any special preference for each feeder category.

(ii) When the post in the feeder category has the same scale of pay and the Special Rules prescribe no fixed ratio or preference, appointment shall be made in accordance with the seniority in the feeder category, the same being determined in the manner as provided in the first proviso to clause (a) of rule 27 of the General Rules. If the length of service or seniority of persons in the feeder categories are the same, the person senior in age may be given preference over the other

(bb) Promotion which depends upon the passing of any examination.- Promotion in a service or class which depends upon the passing of any examination (General or Departmental) shall ordinarily be made with reference to the conditions existing at the time of occurrence of the vacancies and not with reference to those at the time when the question of promotions is taken up.

(bbb) Where a pass in any examination or test confers on a person the title to any right, benefit or concession, such title to the right, benefit or concession shall be deemed to have accrued-

(a) in the case of a person who has passed such examination or test before the 14th August, 1971, on the day following the last day of such examination or test in the subject or subjects; and

(b) in the case of a person who has passed such examination or test on or after 14th August 1971, on the day following the last day of the whole examination or test in which he has successfully completed the examination or test by passing one or more subjects.

Explanation.- (1) The principles in this sub-rule shall apply for the drawal of increment and for promotion not involving change of duties against vacancies remaining unfilled for want of test qualified persons;

- (2) Where a person can choose between two examinations or tests or corresponding subjects or papers of two examinations or tests and where the two examinations or tests conducted during the same period end on two different dates, the title to the right, benefit or concession conferred by the passing of the examination or test shall be deemed to have accrued on the day following the last date of the whole of the examination or test which ends on the latter date;
- (3) The expression "the last day of such examination or test in the subject or subjects " occurring in clause (a) of this sub- rule shall mean the last day on which according to the schedule of the examination or test first published by the Kerala Public Service Commission, such examination or test in the subject or subjects would have been conducted if the examination or test in any of the subjects had not been postponed to a latter date;
- (4) The expression "the last day of the whole examination or test" occurring in clause (b) of this sub-rule shall mean the day on which, according to the schedule of the examination or test first published by the Kerala Public Service Commission, the examination or test in the last of the subjects comprising the whole examination or test would have been conducted, if the examination or test in any of such subjects had not been postponed to a later date.
- (5) The expression 'any examination or test' occurring in this sub - rule shall mean any examination or test conducted by the Kerala Public Service Commission, Government or Department which has a direct nexus with the service matters like probation, promotion, increment etc., of an employee, and not an academic examination/ University Examination.

Note.- Cases already settled or disposed of prior to the issue of this amendment shall not be reopened.

This amendment shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 10 th December 1984.

(c) ***** ***** *****

(d) *Duty in a different service counting for probation on promotion.-* A member of a service or a class of service promoted from one category to another shall be eligible to count for probation in the higher category his service, if any, performed otherwise than in a substantive capacity on regular appointment to another service, State or Subordinate, in accordance with these Rules and the Special rules if the

normal method of recruitment to the latter service is according to such Special rules by transfer from the former service or class thereof.

(e) Probation where there are more than one grade to the same category.-

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Special Rules where there are more than one grade to the same category and duties and responsibilities attached to the various grades are one and the same, and appointment to the higher grades are made by promotion from the lower grades then probation shall be insisted only in the lowest grade to such category.

28 A. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules or in the Special Rules, in the case of appointment to the post of Heads of Departments, direct recruitment shall be resorted to in the absence of suitable persons for appointment by promotion or by transfer. Appointment by promotion or by transfer shall be made on the basis of merit and ability, seniority being considered only when merit and ability are approximately equal. Merit and ability shall be assessed by the authority competent in the Government to make such appointments:

Provided that the lists for consideration for appointment by promotion or by transfer to the posts shall not ordinarily consist of members of service who do not have at least one year of service before the date of their superannuation after appointment to such a post.

29. Revision of orders of appointment to selection posts.- Subject to the provisions of Note (iii a) of sub-clause (7) and Para (a)] of sub-clause (8) of clause (i) of sub-rule (b) of rule 28 an order appointing a member of a service or class to a selection category or grade by promotion or by transfer may be revised by the State Government. Such revision may be made by the State Government either *suo motu* at any time or on a petition submitted by any aggrieved member within six months from the date of passing the order:

Provided that the said period of six months may be extended by the State Government if sufficient cause is shown for the delay in the submission of the petition.

30. Revision of list of approved candidates for appointment or promotion.-

Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules or in the Special Rules, the State Government shall have power to revise in any manner they consider suitable, any list of approved candidates, for appointment or promotion to any category, class or service, prepared by the Head of a Department, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by the Special Rules for any service.

31. Temporary Promotion.- (a) (i) Where it is necessary in the public interest owing to an emergency which has arisen to fill immediately a vacancy in a post borne on the cadre of a higher category in a service or class by promotion from a lower category and there would be undue delay in making such promotion in accordance with the rules, the Appointing Authority may promote a person otherwise than in accordance with the rules, temporarily:

Provided that before a person is promoted under this clause, persons who are admittedly senior to him shall also be promoted, even if they are absent from duty whether on leave other than leave without allowances granted and availed of as per Appendix XII A, Appendix XII B or Appendix XII C of Part I of the Kerala Service Rules or on foreign service or on deputation or for any other valid reason except due to suspension and allowed to continue as

such subject to the condition that persons so promoted shall not be eligible for the higher time scale of pay by virtue of such unless otherwise specifically ordered by Government.

Note :- (1) Even where it is considered necessary to sanction the higher time scale of pay, not more than one person (either the senior most fit person in a series of adjacent persons outside the ordinary line, or, if such a person either foregoes the benefit of his own volition or does not require the benefit by virtue of his holding a post outside the ordinary line which secures him at least equivalent benefits in respect of salary and pension, then the next below in the series) may be authorized to draw the salary of the higher scale or grade in respect of any one officiating vacancy within the cadre filled by his junior.

(2) A fortuitous officiating promotion given to a person who is junior to one outside the regular line does not in itself give rise to a claim on the part of the senior to the higher time scale of pay.

(3) The expression "persons who are admittedly senior" in the above proviso shall include persons appointed/promoted temporarily and continuing as such, solely due to administrative delay in regularizing their appointments.

(4) A person who is on leave without allowances granted and availed of as per Appendix XII A, Appendix XII B or Appendix XII C of Part I of the Kerala Services Rules shall be given promotion to a higher post only on his return from such leave. His rank and seniority in the higher post shall be determined with reference to the date of promotion

(5) If a junior is promoted temporarily in preference to a senior under suspension, at the time of reinstatement of the senior to duty fully exonerating him of the charges for suspension the senior shall be given promotion to the vacancy in the higher post to which he would have been promoted but for the suspension, if necessary by reverting the junior who got promotion in that vacancy

(ii) No person who does not possess the qualifications if any, prescribed for the said service, class or category, shall ordinarily be promoted under clause (i). Every person who does not possess such qualifications and who has been or is promoted under clause (i) shall be replaced as soon as possible by promoting a person possessing such qualifications.

(b) Where it is necessary to fill a short vacancy in a post borne on the cadre of a higher category in a service or class by promotion from a lower category and the appointment of the person who is entitled to such promotion under the rules, would involve excessive expenditure on travelling allowance or exceptional administrative inconvenience, the Appointing Authority may promote any other person who possesses the qualifications, if any, prescribed for the higher category.

(c) A person promoted under clause (i) or clause (ii) of sub- rule (a) shall be replaced as soon as possible by the member of the service who is entitled to the promotion under the rules or by a candidate appointed in accordance with the rules, as the case may be.

These amendments shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 17.12.1958.

(d) A person promoted under sub- rule (a) or (b) shall not be regarded as a probationer in the higher category or be entitled by reason only of such promotion to any preferential claim to future promotion to such higher category.

(e) If such person is subsequently promoted to the higher category in accordance with the rules he shall commence his probation, if any, in such category from the date of such subsequent promotion or from such earlier date as the appointing authority may determine without prejudice to seniority.

(f) There shall be paid to a person promoted under sub- rule (a) or (b) either the minimum of the higher time scale of pay, or the pay admissible to him in the higher time scale based on the pay in the lower time scale applicable to him under the rules regulating the fixation of pay from time to time, whichever is higher. He shall be paid increments in the time scale at the time intervals, as fixed by Government from time to time.

32. Postings and transfers:- (a) A member of a service or class of a service may be required to serve in any post borne on the cadre of such service or class.

(b) All transfers and posting shall be made by the Appointing Authority.

33. Consequences of resignation:- A member of a service shall, if he resigns his appointment, forfeit not only the service rendered by him in the particular post held by him at the time of resignation but all his previous service under the Government.

The re-appointment of such person to any service shall be treated in the same way as a first appointment to such service by direct recruitment and all rules governing such appointment shall apply; and on such re-appointment he shall not be entitled to count any portion of his previous service for any benefit or concession admissible under any rule or order.

34. Reduction of full members:- (a) If a full member of any service, class, category or grade is substantively reduced to a lower service, class, category or grade, he shall be deemed to be a full member of the latter and the permanent cadre thereof shall, if there is no vacancy in which he could be absorbed, be deemed to be increased by one:

Provided that against every such addition an officiating or temporary vacancy, if any, in such lower service, class, category or grade, shall be kept unfilled and such addition shall be absorbed in the first permanent vacancy that subsequently arises in such lower service, class, category or grade, as the case may be.

(b) Appointment in place of members dismissed, removed or reduced :-Where a person has been dismissed, removed or substantively reduced from any service, class, category or grade, no vacancy caused thereby or arising subsequently in such service, class, category or grade, shall be substantively filled to the prejudice of such person until the appeal, if any, preferred by him against such dismissal, removal or reduction is decided and except in conformity with such decision, or until the time allowed for preferring an appeal has expired, as the case may be.

35. Savings:- (a) (i) Unless a contrary intention is expressly indicated therein, nothing

contained in these rules shall adversely affect any person who was member of any service on the date of the coming into force of the rules.

(ii) Unless a contrary intention is expressly indicated therein nothing contained in any Special Rules governing a service, shall adversely affect any person who was a member of such service on the date of the coming into force thereof.

(b) Subject to the provisions of sub-rules (c) and (d) where these rules or the Special Rules would adversely affect in respect of any matter a person who was a member of any service before the date of coming into force thereof, he shall, in respect of such matter, be governed by the rules and orders, if any, which were applicable to him immediately prior to such date.

(c) A person who was on duty otherwise than in a substantive capacity in a post which was subsequently included in a service shall be regarded as a probationer or, as the case may be, as an approved probationer in the service or the class or category thereof in which the post is included and in the lower category, if any, in which he would have been on duty but for his being on duty in a higher category, if he,-

(i) was on duty in such post on the date of issue of the Special Rules for that service, or

(ii) was absent from duty in such post on that date on leave granted by a competent authority having been on duty in such post immediately before and immediately after such absence:

Provided that if there were no rules or orders prescribing the period of probation for such post at the time of his first appointment thereto, the provisions of these rules and of the Special Rules regarding probation shall apply to him and any period of duty rendered by him in such post before the date of issue of such rules shall count towards probation if and to the extent such service would have counted, had these rules and the Special Rules come into force at the time of such first appointment.

(d) A person who, before the issue of the Special Rules for a service had officiated in a post which was subsequently included in the service or a class or category thereof but who is not entitled to be regarded as a probationer or as an approved probationer under shall, if he is again appointed to such post after the issue of the Special Rules without contravening any orders of the State Government, be entitled to count his previous service in such post towards the prescribed period of probation:

Provided that such previous service shall not count towards probation if there was an interval of a continuous period of two years or more during which he was not holding a post in the same or higher category.

Explanation:-

The re-appointment of a person under this sub-rule shall not, for the purposes of rules regulating recruitment, be regarded as first appointment to the service, class or category concerned.

(e) If, before the issue of the Special Rules, a person had been exempted under the orders then in force from the possession of any qualification or the passing of any test and the possession of such qualification or the passing of such test is prescribed by such Special Rules they shall not apply to such person to the extent and in respect of the category, grade or post, specifically covered by the order of exemption.

(f) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules or in the Special Rules, in the case of persons allotted to the State of Kerala from service under the Government of Madras consequent on the Reorganization of States, pass in Account Test for Executive Officers (Madras) and pass in Account Test for Subordinate Officers Part I (Madras) shall respectively be accepted as sufficient qualification in lieu of pass in Account Test for Executive Officers of the Kerala State and pass in Account Test (Lower).

36. Re-employment of pensioners:- Nothing in these rules or the Special Rules shall be construed to limit or abridge the powers of the State Government and of subordinate authorities to re-employ persons who have retired on a civil pension or gratuity or who, while in service, were subscribers to a Contributory Provident Fund, in any service. The re-employment of such a person in any service shall not be regarded as a first appointment to that service.

37. Appointment of All India Service Officers to State posts:- Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules or the Special Rules, an officiating or permanent officer of an All India Service may be appointed to any State Service, or class or category thereof. Such Officer shall not, by reason of such appointment, cease to be a member of an All India Service.

38. Relinquishment of rights by members:- Any person may, in writing, relinquish any right or privilege to which he may be entitled under these rules or the Special Rules, if, in the opinion of the Appointing Authority, such relinquishment is not opposed to public interest; and nothing contained in these rules or the Special Rules shall be deemed to require the recognition of any right or privilege to the extent to which it has been so relinquished.

Provided that request for relinquishment of right for promotion/appointment by transfer to a post, under the above rule, shall not be allowed if such request for relinquishment is submitted by the employee on or after the date of order by which the person was promoted or appointed by transfer to the said post.

Explanation:- The relinquishment of the right for promotion or appointment by transfer under this rule shall entail loss of seniority and a relinquishment of the right for promotion or appointment by transfer shall not be permissible unless such relinquishment entails loss of seniority.

39. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules or in the Special Rules or in any other Rules or Government Orders the Government shall have power to deal with the case of any person or persons serving in a civil capacity under the Government of Kerala or any

candidate for appointment to a service in such manner as may appear to the Government to be just and equitable:

Provided that where such rules or orders are applicable to the case of any person or persons, the case shall not be dealt with in any manner less favourable to him or them than that provided by those rules or orders.

This amendment shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 17th December 1958.

SCHEDULE

[Referred to in rule 10(aa)]

(a) English School Leaving or Secondary School Leaving Certificate issued under the authority of the Travancore, Cochin, Travancore-Cochin or Kerala State Government with endorsement of eligibility for college admission or Public Service.

(b) Pass in the E.S.L.C or S.S.L.C Examination (Travancore -Cochin or Kerala) as a private candidate after undergoing a prior selection examination conducted by the Director of Public Instruction.

(c) Pass in two year Sanskrit Entrance Course, Sanskrit College, Trivandrum.

(d) Completed S.S.L.C issued under the authority of the Government of Madras with endorsement of eligibility for College admission; or with marks not less than the percentage of marks specified in column (2) of the table below against the subjects referred to in column (1) thereof,

TABLE

(1)	(2)
I. Academic Course:	Per cent
1. First Language — Parts I and II	40 (80 marks out of 200).
2. English	40
3. Mathematics (General or Composite)	35 each in any two of the subjects and 30 in the third
4. Social Studies	
5. General Science	
II Secretarial course:	
1. First Language – Part I	40
2. English	40
3. Commercial Arithmetic	35 in an one of the subjects and 30 each in the other three
4. Social Studies	
5. Drafting, Precis – writing and Typewriting	
6. Two of the following three items:–	
(i) Commercial Practice	
(ii) Shorthand	
(iii) Book-keeping	
III. Pre -Technological Course:	
A. Engineering –	

1.	First Language – Part I	40
2.	English	40
3.	Mathematics (General or Composite)	35 in any one of the subjects and 30 each in the other three.
4.	Social Studies	
5.	Science and Drawing	
6.	Applied Science and Practical	

B. Agriculture or any other subject–

1.	First Language – Part I	40
2.	English	40
3.	Mathematics (General or Composite)	35 in any one of the subjects and 30 each in the other three
4.	Social Studies	
5.	Agriculture (Theory)	
6.	Elementary Science and Practical	

C. Textile Technology–

1.	First Language – Part I	40
2.	English	40
3.	Mathematics (General or Composite)	35 in any one of the subjects and 30 each in the other three
4.	Social Studies	
5.	Handloom Weaving (Written and Practical)	
6.	Dyeing and Printing (Written and Practical)	

**IV. Aesthetic and Domestic Course -
(The course consists of Three Parts)**

Part I

First Language – Part I	40
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Part. II

English	40
In each of the other two subjects under Part II	30 in each

If additional language is taken under this Part the candidate should obtain a total number of 80 marks in that language and in part I of the First Language put together. If General Science or Social Science is taken as a subject under this Part, 35 per cent should be obtained in that subject.

Part- III

Any one subject under this part	30
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V. Teaching Practice Course-

1.	First Language – Part I	40
2.	English	40
3.	Mathematics (General or Composite)	35 in any one of the subjects and 30 each in the other three
4.	General Science	
5.	Social Studies	
6.	Teaching Practice	

Provided that in the case of a candidate belonging to the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes, it shall be sufficient if he has obtained not less than 35 per cent in English, not less than 35 per cent in Part I of the first language or 70 marks out of 200 when both Parts I and II of the First Language are taken, as the case may be and not less than the percentage of marks specified in the table above in other subjects.

(i) A pass in a Government Technical Examination will be regarded as equivalent to obtaining 35 per cent of the marks in the corresponding subjects in the Secondary School Leaving Certificate Public Examination; for this purpose where in the latter examination, the technical subject comprises two subjects in the Government Technical Examination, passes in at least the Lower Grade are required in both the subjects in the Government Technical Examination.

(ii) A pass in a Part of the Intermediate Examination in Arts and Science or the Pre-University Examination of any recognized university shall be regarded as equivalent to obtaining the minimum numbers of marks prescribed for the corresponding subject or subjects in the Secondary School Leaving Certificate Public Examination.

(e) A completed Anglo-Indian School Leaving Certificate issued under the authority of the Government of Madras, with either Tamil, Malayalam, Kannada, Hindustani or Hindi as his compulsory second language and secured at the Anglo-Indian High School Examination not less than the percentage of marks specified below in the subjects in Group 'A' and not less than 35 per cent in each of three subjects in Group 'B'.

Group 'A'

English	- 40
Elementary Mathematics	- 35
A language	- 30 or

(f) Matriculation Examination of a recognized University or Board of Education or any other Examination recognized by the Central or State Government as equivalent thereto;

Note:- The following shall be regarded as equivalent to the minimum general educational qualification prescribed in the Schedule to the General Rules for the State and Subordinate Services:-

1. Indian Army-Special Certificate of Education; A pass in the Higher Education Test of the Royal Indian Navy;
2. The Royal Indian Air Force Educational Test for re-classification of leading Air Craftsmen;
3. The Indian Army Certificate of Education I Class together with (i) a pass in the First Language Papers of the S.S.L.C (Travancore-Cochin or Kerala) or (ii) a pass in the V.S.L.C Examination (Travancore), or (iii) a pass in the mother tongue as Second Language under the old E.S.L.C. Scheme (Travancore); or (iv) a pass in the mother tongue (Malayalam) in the S.S.L.C Examination under the Madras S.S.L.C Scheme of 1929 or 1948 or the Cochin S.S.L.C Scheme.
4. Post-Basic School Certificate awarded by a Post-Basic School in any State in

India recognized by the State Government concerned as equivalent to S.S.L.C / Matriculation/Higher Secondary Certificate for purpose of employment under them.

- (g) Other qualification recognized by the State Government as equivalent to (a) above.

ANNEXURE

(See rule 15)

1. For direct recruitment to posts included in the Kerala Last Grade Services.

1. Open competition
2. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
3. Open competition
4. Scheduled Castes
5. Open Competition
6. Muslims
7. Open competition
8. Latin Catholics & Anglo Indians
9. Economically Weaker Sections
10. Other Backward Classes
11. Open competition
12. Scheduled Castes
13. Open competition
14. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
15. Open competition
16. Muslims
17. Open competition
18. Dheevaras
19. Economically Weaker Sections
20. Viswakarmas
21. Open competition
22. Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians
23. Open competition
24. Scheduled castes
25. Open competition
26. Muslims
27. Open competition
28. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
29. Economically Weaker Sections
30. Other Backward Classes
31. Open competition
32. Scheduled Castes
33. Open competition
34. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
35. Open Competition

36. Muslims
37. Open competition
38. Nadars included in SIUC
39. Economically Weaker Sections
40. Other Backward Classes
41. Open competition
42. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
43. Open competition
44. Scheduled Tribes
45. Open competition
46. Muslims
47. Open competition
48. Scheduled Castes converts to Christianity
49. Economically Weaker Sections
50. Other Backward Classes
51. Open competition
52. Scheduled Castes
53. Open competition
54. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
55. Open competition
56. Muslims
57. Open competition
58. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
59. Economically Weaker Sections
60. Hindu Nadars
61. Open competition
62. Scheduled Castes converts to Christianity
63. Open competition
64. Scheduled Castes
65. Open competition
66. Muslims
67. Open competition
68. Latin Catholics and Anglo-Indians
69. Economically Weaker Sections
70. Other Backward Classes
71. Open Competition
72. Scheduled Castes
73. Open competition
74. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
75. Open competition
76. Muslims
77. Open competition
78. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
79. Economically Weaker Sections

80. Nadars included in SIUC
81. Open competition
82. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
83. Open competition
84. Scheduled Castes
85. Open competition
86. Muslims
87. Open competition
88. Dheevaras
89. Economically Weaker Sections
90. Other Backward Classes
91. Open competition
92. Scheduled Tribes
93. Open competition
94. Latin Catholic and Anglo-Indian
95. Open competition
96. Muslims
97. Open competition
98. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
99. Economically Weaker Sections
100. Viswakarmas

Explanation I- The expression “Other Backward Classes” referred to in items 10, 30,40,50,70 and 90 shall mean Backward Classes referred to in item 8 under sub-rule (1) of rule 17.

Explanation II- The short fall in reservation for ‘Nadars included in SIUC’, and ‘Hindu Nadars’ occurred in the advice by the Commission from the ranked lists published by the Commission on or after the 21st day of November, 2009 during the period commencing on and from the 21st day of November, 2009 during the period commencing on and from the 21st day of November, 2009 to the date of publication of the Kerala State and Subordinate Services (Amendment) Rules, 2010 in the Gazette, i.e. till the date of commencement of this Explanation, shall be adjusted in the future vacancies without disturbing the advices already made.

II. For direct recruitment in posts other than those included in the Kerala Last Grade Service.

1. Open competition
2. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
3. Open competition
4. Scheduled Castes
5. Open Competition
6. Muslims
7. Open competition
8. Latin Catholics & Anglo Indians
9. Economically Weaker Sections
10. Other Backward Classes
11. Open competition
12. Scheduled Castes
13. Open competition

14. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
15. Open competition
16. Muslims
17. Open competition
18. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
19. Economically Weaker Sections
20. Viswakarmas
21. Open competition
22. Latin Catholics and Anglo Indians
23. Open competition
24. Scheduled castes
25. Open competition
26. Muslims
27. Open competition
28. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
29. Economically Weaker Sections
30. Muslims
31. Open competition
32. Scheduled Castes
33. Open competition
34. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
35. Open Competition
36. Muslims
37. Open competition
38. Nadars included in SIUC
39. Economically Weaker Sections
40. Other Backward Classes
41. Open competition
42. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and billavas
43. Open competition
44. Scheduled Tribes
45. Open competition
46. Muslims
47. Open competition
48. Scheduled Castes converts to Christianity
49. Economically Weaker Sections
50. Dheeveras
51. Open competition
52. Scheduled Castes
53. Open competition
54. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
55. Open competition
56. Muslims
57. Open competition

58. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
59. Economically Weaker Sections
60. Hindu Nadars
61. Open competition
62. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
63. Open competition
64. Scheduled Castes
65. Open competition
66. Muslims
67. Open competition
68. Latin Catholics and Anglo-Indians
69. Economically Weaker Sections
70. Viswakarmas
71. Open Competition
72. Scheduled Castes
73. Open competition
74. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
75. Open competition
76. Muslims
77. Open competition
78. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
79. Economically Weaker Sections
80. Muslims
81. Open competition
82. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
83. Open competition
84. Scheduled Castes
85. Open competition
86. Muslims
87. Open competition
88. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
89. Economically Weaker Sections
90. Other Backward Classes
91. Open competition
92. Scheduled Tribes
93. Open competition
94. Latin Catholics and Anglo-Indians
95. Open competition
96. Muslims
97. Open competition
98. Ezhavas, Thiyyas and Billavas
99. Economically Weaker Sections
100. Viswakarmas

Explanation I:- The expression “Other Backward Classes” referred to in items 10, 40 and 90 shall mean Backward Classes referred to in item 8 under sub-rule (1) of rule 17.

Explanation II:- The short fall in reservation for ‘Nadars included in SIUC’ and Hindu Nadars’ occurred in the advice by the Commission from the ranked lists published by the Commission on or after the 21st day of November, 2009 during the period commencing on and from the 21st day of November, 2009, to the date of publication of the Kerala State and subordinate Services (Amendment) Rules, 2010 in the Gazette, i.e., till the date of commencement of this Explanation, shall be adjusted in the future vacancies without disturbing the advice already made.